

# CROSSFIELD ONICLE



VOLUME III — No. 17

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA — FRIDAY, JUNE 1st, 1945

\$1.50

## CHURCH SERVICES

**UNITED CHURCH**  
Minister: Rev. J. V. Howey, B.A.  
United Church Services for Sunday next, June 3rd are as follows:  
Madden at 11.00 a.m.  
Crossfield: Sunday School at 11.00 a.m.  
Evening Service at 7.30 p.m.

**REGULAR BAPTIST CHURCH**  
Crossfield, Alberta  
Rev. D. G. Milligan, Pastor  
Services every Sunday at 11.00 a.m.  
Bible study and Sunday School at 12.00 a.m.  
Everybody welcome.

**THE CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION**  
Rev. F. C. MESSON, Vicar  
Sunday, June 3rd.  
Evangelism ..... 7.30 p.m.

**INSURANCE**  
HAIL — Alberta Hail Insurance Board and Leading Companies  
FIRE — Alberta Government Insurance and Leading Companies  
LIFE — Mutual Life Insurance Company of Canada

**A. W. GORDON**  
Agent  
Crossfield — Alberta

**"THE ROAD TO ZANZIBAR"**  
Starring: BING CROSBY  
BOB HOPE  
DOROTHY LAMOUR  
— WITH ADDED SHORTS —  
Showing in the Crossfield U.F.A. Hall on  
Wednesday, June 6th.  
At 8 p.m.

## Hail Insurance

The ALBERTA HAIL INSURANCE BOARD has been operating for the last Seven Years, and have had a wonderful measure of success, during that time it gained a practical knowledge of the Hail Insurance Business, with the result that new conditions and regulations are offered to the Farmer that insures with The ALBERTA HAIL INSURANCE BOARD, this year.

See **A. W. Gordon**  
Gordon Agencies. Phone 7 Crossfield.



## FARM IMPROVEMENT LOANS

Under the Farm Improvement Loans Act a farmer may now borrow on special terms to buy agricultural implements, livestock or a farm electric system, and for fencing, drainage, repairs to buildings or other farm improvements.

This Bank is fully equipped to make loans to farmers under the provisions of this Act. Consult the Manager of our nearest branch.

## THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

J. L. PRICE, Manager Crossfield, Alberta

## COVERED WAGON MEN WILL GET MEDALS

Survivors of the doughty band of covered wagon drivers who ran supplies to the North West Field Force fighting Louis Rell in 1885 and sometimes had to shoot it out with desperate Metis, are going to be recognized. They will get the North-West Canada medal which had previously gone only to combatants. The ages of these still living range from 76 to 92. Upon application to defence headquarters in Ottawa, these men will, upon proving their identity, be presented with the 1885 Medal.

## Father's Day

Sunday, June 17th

**Father's Day Greeting CARDS**  
5c 10c 15c, 25c  
MAKE YOUR SELECTION EARLY.

**Father's Day GIFTS**  
Shaving Sets \$1.00 to \$4.50  
Billboards ..... 75c to \$3.50  
Shaving Brushes,  
Fountain Pens  
Books.

**Edlund's Drug Store**  
THE RETAIL STORE  
Phone 3 Crossfield, Alta.

## FARM LAND SALES

J. B. and Wm. McCaskill sold 208 acres one mile south of Crossfield to Martin Pann of Calgary. The deal was put through by Gordon Agencies. Ellis Banta sold his half section in the Dog Pound district to Jim Reeve and bought the McCaskill home place on the outskirts of Crossfield from Wm. and Jack McCaskill. The purchase price was \$6,000.

## FLORAL U.F.W.A. MEETING

The Floral U.F.W.A. local report a most successful meeting held in the Church parlor on Wednesday last. The visit of Mrs. Barker, regional Director, was much appreciated.

It is urged that all members and friends make a special effort to attend the Conference to be held in Calgary on June 14th, commencing at 10.00 a.m. Ronnie Sackett was elected as the Floral delegate to attend the Junior Floral meeting to be held in Edmonton commencing at 10.00 a.m. Mr. C. D. Holmes of the Cold Storage Locker Plant will be the guest speaker at the July meeting.

## AIR CADET INSPECTION

A formal inspection will be held June 1st at the Carstairs Park for the Royal Canadian Air Cadets, consisting of Cadets from Crossfield and Carstairs. The inspection will consist of a coronation review together with an exhibition of drill.

The annual inspection is an exhibition and a display in so far as the public is concerned to give parents and friends appreciation of the training which cadets have been undergoing during the year, and an invitation is extended to the public to attend. A senior C.A.P. Officer will act as reviewing officer.

## BEEF CALF CLUBS TO HOLD ANNUAL FIELD DAY

The Granger, Carstairs, West Didsbury and Madden Calf Clubs will meet for their annual Field Day on the Strathcona farm (Yellowhead Bros.), 21 miles southeast of Carstairs, on Saturday, June 2, at 1 p.m. The annual judging contest will be held, and a number of interesting speakers will be on hand. It is expected that a large crowd will be on hand, besides the club members. There will be a picnic for all about five o'clock.

## MR. COLDWELL SAYS:

The following letter appeared in a recent issue of the Huntville, Ont. Forester and is reprinted here for your pleasure.

Letters to the Editor.  
This is the Promised Land.  
Editor Forester: — I recently ran across the following utopian plans of the C.C.P.  
"I pledge myself to the C.C.P. party, and to all bureaucrats. One party is indispensable, and special privileges to all."  
Four thousand years ago Moses said to his people: "Pick up your shovels, load up your asses, mount your camels, and follow me to the Promised Land."  
Four thousand years later Coldwell said to the Canadian people: "Throw down your shovels, sit on your asses, light up your camels, this is the Promised Land."

## AN OBSERVER

The quietest election campaign in years is rapidly approaching its end. There has been little activity throughout this district owing perhaps to the pressure of late seeding work and the reaction from the end of the war. Most of the campaigning to date has been on the radio and in the newspapers, although the candidates have not been idle. Meetings have been poorly attended.

## IN MEMORIAM

In loving memory of Kenneth Vincent Hall Williams, who gave his life for his country May 30, 1944 in Italy.  
My Son, Yours was the task of carrying the Torch  
Which we, who fought before you, — faint would bear.  
Yours was the glory, 'mid the reeking death.  
Yours the faith that held the Torch so high.  
Tho' now your mortal body lies afar Your courage and devotion lingers on  
And we who mourn your loss remember well  
Your spirit and high purpose, Oh, My Son.  
Ever remembered by Dad, Mother and family.

## Machinery Field Day

Mr. Hugh McPhail, District Agriculturist, has arranged three Machinery Field Days in his district, as follows:

June 6, at 1 p.m., at Morneau's farm, one mile south of Carstairs.  
June 7, at 1 p.m., at William Laut's farm, 12 miles northeast of Crossfield.  
June 8, at 1 p.m., at Dibble's farm, Mound.

Mr. F. F. Parkinson, assisted by Mr. Armstrong, will be in charge of the demonstrations. Mr. James Murray will discuss soil conservation, and there will be a lady on hand to address the farm women and to answer questions in regard to their problems.

The purpose of these field days is to bring the farmers' attention to the following matters:

1. The effect of speed upon the power required per acre and the quality of the work.
2. The effect of depth tillage upon power requirements and quality of work.
3. The relationship of wheel equipment and hitch adjustment to power and plugging.
4. The effect of proper adjustments to implements upon power requirements and quality of work.

## LOCAL NEWS

L. Cpl. Allen Montgomery spent the week-end at home with his family.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Gordon were visitors in Oids on Wednesday afternoon.

John Heijer has made further improvements to his home with the addition of a cement sidewalk around it.

John Lennon was receiving the congratulations of his friends on Sunday last on his attaining his 51st birthday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Bullock and family late of the Oliver Hotel, have rented the McNeil house on Oiler Street.

Mrs. Frank Mossop of Calgary was renewing acquaintances in town Wednesday this week.

Mr. Alvin Jacobs spent the week-end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Mair.

The McCaskill Bros. who recently disposed of their farm interests here have farmed in the district for nearly thirty years.

Irene, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Hehr was recently rushed to the General Hospital for an appendix operation.

Jack Mathieson had a bad attack of asthma last Saturday and Dr. Clarke took him to the District hospital. At last report he was doing well.

The school authorities hired the services of the Municipal bull-dozer and man and did some levelling of the school grounds on Tuesday last.

The United Church Red Cross Sewing Circle this week donated \$18 from their funds to the Chinese Relief cause.

Birthday celebrations for the coming week include the following: June 3rd, Murray Onell and Mel Patmore; June 5th, Mrs. F. Purvis.

Rev. Howey was a visitor to Didsbury on Wednesday taking up a bunch of local ball players who were taking on the Didsbury team.

The High School Students' Union will hold their annual Graduation Dance on Friday, June 8th. Parents and ex-students are invited.

Don't forget the Picture Show in the U. F. A. Hall on Wednesday next. Bing, Bob and Dotty should be worth seeing in the "ROAD TO ZANZIBAR".

Mrs. S. Walker who purchased the A. House in the north part of town is gradually getting the place all fixed up and according to her plans will have a nice home when completed.

Harry May, Village Secretary, put out this years headcaches (tax notices) the first of the week. With the increased school tax it is somewhat of a headache too.

Rev. A. E. Richards of Begwyn, in the Peace River country, was a visitor at the Manise over the week-end and assisted Rev. Howey with the country and town services.

Harry May is having some alterations made to his home, the front of the house is being extended to take in the verandah thereby making his front two rooms 6 or 8 feet larger.

Hughie McIntyre has had a cement walk laid to the front door and round the side of his house. With the election drawing near B. thought it a good idea to be able to see where his path to his house lay.

Petty Officer Harold Mair, R. C. N. V. R. son of Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Mair has volunteered for service in the Pacific, and expects to be home shortly for his thirty day leave.

The Crossfield detachment of the Rosebud Air Cadets journeyed to Carstairs on Tuesday evening to have their final drill before the annual inspection, which is to be held on June 1st at Carstairs.

The land south of the Laut residence and south of the Curling Rink has taken on the appearance of a camping grounds with inclusion of the travelling bunk houses, etc. belonging to the travelling gang who are working on the highway.

The Village is taking on the appearance of a boom town these days, with nearly all the gravel trucks on the highway job bringing along a trailer and in most cases a family. With two projects going south of town getting ready to hard surface and north getting ready to renew that stretch, it looks as though we may get a highway yet.

The members of the congregation of the Church of the Ascension met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Belford on Wednesday evening to bid farewell to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mossop, who are leaving the district to reside in Calgary. A delightful lunch was served by the members of the Women's Guild, and a cheque was presented to Mrs. Mossop as a small token of the esteem and friendship in which these good people were held. The party broke up with the singing of Old Lang Syne and the best wishes of everyone for their future happiness.

## Crossfield Machine Works

W. A. HUNT, Prop.  
Welding — Magneto — Radiators  
John Deere Farm Implements  
Elephant Brand Fertilizer  
PHONE 25  
CROSSFIELD

**H. MAY**  
REAL ESTATE  
INSURANCE  
(In all its branches)  
CONVEYANCING  
RENTAL AGENT  
FARM LISTINGS WANTED  
Phone 33 Crossfield.

**McInnis & Holloway**  
Limited  
FUNERAL DIRECTORS  
AT PARK MEMORIAL  
1503 - 4th St. W. — ME 3030  
CALGARY  
DICK ONTKESS, Phone 47  
Local Representative  
CROSSFIELD

**COUNCIL MEETINGS**  
The regular monthly meeting of the Village Council will be held in the  
**FIRE HALL**  
on the  
First Monday of each month  
commencing at 8:00 p. m.

Good lubrication means longer life to your expensive machinery. See our line of  
**Pressure Lubricators**  
Priced from ..... \$3.50 to \$57.50

**Bedding Out Plants**  
ARE ARRIVING THIS WEEK-END  
**William Laut**  
The International Man  
Telephone No. 9 Crossfield, Alberta.

**We Buy Poultry**  
of All Kinds. Market Prices Paid


I am licensed WOOL RECEIVER for Carstairs and Crossfield. Get your Wool Sacks and Ties from us. We will announce a Wool receiving day later.

—EGG GRADING STATION at your Service.—

**Holmes Cold Storage Lockers**  
C. D. HOLMES, Prop. Crossfield, Alta.



**BUILDING SUPPLIES**  
**Handy Items For Those Repairs**  
**HARDWOOD**  
A good stock of both OAK and BIRCH on hand for repairs.  
**FENCE POSTS**  
We have a good assortment. Get yours NOW, while they are available.  
**MASONITE**  
A limited quantity to fix up those odd jobs.  
**WAGON TONGUES**  
A new supply just arrived. Good sound BIRCH—each. \$3.25  
**Atlas Lumber Co. Ltd.**  
H. R. Fitzpatrick Crossfield, Alberta



**KINGS**

THE PICK OF TOBACCO

"It does taste good in a pipe"

## Agriculture Abroad

THE PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION of food has been one of the most complex problems with which the Allied Nations have had to contend during the past six years. For almost all of that time Great Britain and Europe have been cut off from normal imports of foodstuffs; Great Britain because of the scarcity of shipping space, and Europe because of the necessary naval blockade which lasted until "D" Day, and in some cases much longer. In Europe, there has been additional difficulty caused by the fact that much farm land on that continent has been in the path of battle. There has also been widespread sabotage of land and livestock by the retreating German army. It is expected that it will not be long before grain crops can again be produced there, but the re-establishment of the meat and dairy industry will take many years. Meanwhile food and farm equipment will have to be sent from other countries to assist in the rehabilitation of those nations which have been most seriously disorganized because of the war.

## Faced Serious Food Shortage

In Great Britain the problem has been less acute, but that country nevertheless faced serious food shortages at the beginning of the war. At that time, Britain was the largest importer of food in the world, but the need for shipping space for vital war supplies made it necessary for food imports to be sharply reduced. In order to meet this situation a great wartime program of farm mechanization was undertaken, resulting in the increase of arable land from 13,000,000 to 19,000,000 acres. This brought nearly one-third of the total area of the country under cultivation, and made possible the production of at least seventy per cent. more food than before the war. A unique nation-wide electrical system has made electricity available to ninety-seven per cent. of the population of the British Isles, so that farmers in even the most remote districts could make use of the newest mechanized equipment.

## Farm Workers Now Mechanics

Farm machinery in Britain now includes more than two tractors to every square mile of territory, and seven tractors to every square mile of arable land. Fifty-two types of tractors, all produced in the United Kingdom, are available to farmers there, and in addition a large number of other agricultural machines have been developed during the war, so that now almost every farm task from plucking poultry to soil culture is done by machinery. It is said that the British farm laborer has, during the past few years, changed from a manual worker to a mechanic. In spite of this great expansion in food production, Britain does not intend to become self-supporting in this line. When shipping conditions return to normal, British farmers will be asked to supply milk, vegetables and other protective foods which can be best produced there, but much food will again be imported from abroad. Britain, however, is looking forward to building up an export trade of farm machinery, which has been so successfully manufactured there during the war.

## Practical Education

Educational Needs For Remote Areas In Far North

In a recent survey of educational needs for remote areas of the far north, C. H. Piercy, administrator for northern Saskatchewan, reported that practical education is needed for the boys and girls living in the north-land.

As almost every family in the north owned an out-board motor, owing to the numerous waterways, motor mechanics should be included in courses for the boys. Other courses for boys should include, conservation of forests and animals; milk farming; simple economics, including information on the value of furs and goods used in trade; the use of firearms; map reading and nature science. For the girls, Mr. Piercy suggested instruction in cooking, sewing, home nursing, preserving and simple economics. Mr. Piercy suggested that the government build and operate two boarding schools for the free education of some 250 children of scattered families in remote areas, and also build seven new schools in permanent settlements.

## READY TO MOVE

Authorities permitted the disclosure that during Britain's darkest days of the war plans were made to move Parliament from London if necessary. Under one of several alternatives, members would have gone to Stratford-on-Avon and used the Shakespeare memorial theatre as a meeting place.

Eskimos use the wool of the wolverine to trim the front of their hoods, because it does not catch frost from the breath.



**ACHE'S**  
PAT ON  
**SLOAN'S**  
LINIMENT

## Have Solved Problem

Canadian Naval Bakers Discover What Keeps Bread From Moulding

Canadian naval bakers, experimenting at Halifax with soy bean flour in the search for an answer to the problem of bread moulding after four or five days at sea, have discovered the right mixture to keep bread fresh for long periods and at the same time to add flavor and nutritional value.

Success with the bread has led to other experiments and navy bakers now working on cake mixtures to determine what proportions of soy bean flour would keep cake fresh at sea.

The experimenters found that the addition of eight per cent. soy flour in the usual bread mixture with a small decrease in the amount of shortening gave the best results in keeping qualities, taste and color.

## GEMS OF THOUGHT

### ZEAL

True zeal is a strong, steady, uniform, benevolent affection; but false zeal is a strong, desultory, boisterous, selfish passion.—Emerson.

Whether zeal or moderation be the point we aim at, let us keep fire out of the one, and frost out of the other.—Addison.

A true man never frets about his place in the world, but just slides into it by the gravitation of his nature, and swings there as easily as a star.—E. H. Chapin.

The secret heart is devotion's temple; there the saint lights the flame of purest sacrifice, which burns unseen but not unaccepted.—Hannah Moore.

Do not forget that an honest, wise zeal, a lowly, triumphant trust, a true heart, and a helping hand constitute man, and nothing less is man or woman.—Mary Baker Eddy.

Just in proportion as a man becomes good, divine, Christ-like, he passes out of the region of theorizing into the region of benevolent activities.—Horace Mann.

## Airline Control

The Only Practical Way To Avoid Ruinous Competition

H. J. Symington, president of Trans-Canada Air Lines, and newly-elected president of the International Air Transport Association, said in an interview, "That allocation of air frequencies to international airlines is the only practical way to avoid ruinous competition in world commercial aviation after the war."

He added that "chaos" in the air and unchecked rivalry would be fatal to an orderly expansion of commercial air travel.

"By standardizing procedures, the International Air Transport Association, composed of 59 airlines of 33 nations, will bring people and nations closer together, helping to break down many of the barriers between," he added.

## SMILE AWHILE

He—what did you do last night?  
She—Well, I often wondered why the sun went down at night, and I stayed up and it finally dawned on me.

Airman—They tell me that AC2 Jones has a right good voice.  
He—Is he?

Pat—I can't say about the cultivating, but I know he irrigates it frequently.

Movie Star—I've decided to demand a new trial.  
Interviewer—But why? You won the case.

Movie Star—I know, but I'm not satisfied with the publicity.

Tommy—My teacher's got the worst memory in the world.

Father—So he forgets everything, does he?

Tommy—No, he remembers everything.

"He thinks he's Henry VIII, doctor. Is that serious?"  
"Not unless he thinks you're Anne Boleyn."

A mother down in Birmingham, Ala., recently wrote the following excuse to her little boy's teacher:

"Please excuse Johnny for being late. Nine o'clock came sooner than we expected."

"Did my medicine do any good?"  
"A wonderful remedy, doctor. I took three spoonfuls and my cough went. I rubbed three spoonfuls into my knee for rheumatism, and the rest we used to clean the silver."

Young Doctor—This pie is burnt. Send it back to the store.

Young wife—I didn't buy it. It's my own creation.

Guide, conducting students through an art gallery—By a single stroke of the brush Joshua Reynolds could change a smiling face into a frowning one.

Young Student—So can my mother.

He—Dearest, your stockings are wrinkled.

She—You brute, I haven't any on.

Doesn't the moth have a terrible time? He spends the summer in a fur coat and the winter in a bathing suit.

"Eyes light!" thundered the Negro lieutenant.

"Your's wrong!" came from the ranks of the black troops.

Antiquarians are now able, by means of photography and infrared rays, to read Egyptian manuscripts too dim to be deciphered heretofore.



LORD HAW-HAW OF ITALY who is now revealed as John Amery, son of L. S. Amery, a minister in the British government, arrested by Italian partisans. He is seen here shortly after marrying Una Evelyn Wing, who is pictured with him.

## Price Control And Rationing Information

Q—My son expects to be discharged from the army in a week or two. How will he obtain his ration book?

A—Commencing May 1st, persons discharged from the Armed Forces will obtain Form RB-64-D "Application for Civilian Food Ration Book" from their respective discharge establishments. These forms, when filled out completely, may be presented to the Local Ration Board in your locality and a ration book will be issued.

Q—The storekeeper in our town is asking his customers to carry home as many parcels as possible without being wrapped. Is there actually a serious shortage of wrapping paper?

A—All retailers have been drastically cut in their quota of wrapping paper and bags, would like to suggest that when at all possible customers carry their goods unwrapped. Using shopping bags would greatly ease the situation. Returning paper bags and wrapping paper to the store would also be a great help.

Q—Should I keep the labels which are being placed on most of the clothing?

A—These labels are placed on articles of clothing for your protection and should be carefully looked after. If you find that an article does not give you satisfaction, and you wish to report the matter to the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, the label will give you the information as to the manufacturer, size and price you paid. A good idea would be to place the date of purchase on the label.

Q—Is the price that decorators can charge for papering walls controlled by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board?

A—Yes, the prices are controlled, and must not exceed the price charged during the basic period, September 15 to October 31, 1941.

Please send your questions or your request for a pamphlet "Consumers' News" or the Blue Book in which you keep track of your selling prices, mentioning the name of this paper to the nearest Wartime Prices and Trade Board office in your province.

## Rural Electrification

To Study Possibilities For Rural Centres In Saskatchewan

To study the possibilities of electrification in small urban and rural centres in Saskatchewan, the provincial government has set up a six-man committee, Reconstruction Minister J. H. Sturdy announced recently. Prof. H. Van Vleet, of the farm management department of the University of Saskatchewan, is chairman. After studying the possibilities of rural electrification, the committee will make a report to the government. Special consideration will be given the place of individual power units for those areas in the province where power from major transmission lines would not be available.

## BURGESS BATTERIES

For Electric Fences

Overcoming the trouble of installing a battery for electric fencing, Burgess Batteries offer a simple, reliable, and efficient solution. The Burgess Battery is a self-contained unit, easy to install, and requires no maintenance. It is ideal for use in all climates and for all types of electric fencing.

BURGESS BATTERY COMPANY  
NAGARA FALLS, ONT.



LISTED IN WHO'S WHO  
The British Who's Who for 1945 devoted 31 lines to a biography of Adolf Hitler and even listed the Führer's telephone number in Berlin—11-6191. The late President Roosevelt's biography took up 38 lines; Prime Minister Churchill's 65 and Marshal Stalin's 45. 2620



**Hey! Lady! Don't Dose Constipation!**

Harsh purgatives only offer temporary relief. Let Kellogg's All-Brain every day. Nearly one out of every two Canadian families now use All-Brain—64% for over five years. No wonder we believe you will benefit from All-Brain. Prove it at our risk, not yours.

Here is our guarantee: If you use Kellogg's All-Brain every day, if after finishing just one packet you feel better, we will refund you your money back.

Your grocer has All-Brain in 2 convenient sizes. Made by Kellogg in London, Canada.

**Kellogg's ALL-BRAIN**  
FOR CONSTIPATION



**Health LEAGUE OF CANADA TOPICS OF VITAL INTEREST**

## HEALTH OF WORKERS MATTER OF NATIONAL CONCERN

The Health League of Canada's plan for health education and medical supervision in Canadian plants appears to fill a real need throughout our industries. It was stated in a message sent to the Industrial Division of the League by Mr. Brooks Claxton, minister of national health and welfare.

This plan—developed in co-operation with the Ontario Department of Health—advises industrialists (1) how to start and operate a medical program for workers; (2) how to improve eating habits of workers; (3) how to maintain health of workers with a practical educational campaign.

In his message, Mr. Claxton said the Industrial Division of his Department is actively interested in the promotion of health among Canadian industrial workers.

"The health of Canadian workers is a matter of national concern, not only now when our war supplies are so urgently needed, but during the peace and reconstruction period to which we all so anxiously look forward."

"Your plan deserves every success in Canadian industry, and we shall watch its advancement with a great deal of interest. I hope that individual industries and the Health League will feel free to call upon us for advice and co-operation at any time in any matter related to industrial health. This Department's only purpose is to promote the health and welfare of the people of Canada."

In re-endorsing the plan, Hon. Humphrey Mitchell, federal minister of labor, wrote that "It is obvious to me that great care and intelligence has been used in bringing to the front the facts which have to do in a vital way with the well-being of those who toil. I feel sure that your program, if adopted by our industries, will contribute in no small way to a more effective war effort."

Hon. C. D. Howe, minister of munitions and supply, in another endorsement stated that "The general adoption of this plan by industry will do much toward reducing absenteeism in industry caused by illness and, therefore, the plan is important to our wartime objective."

## CLEANING PAINT BRUSHES

Here's a guide to paint brush cleaning: Brushes used in shellac or alcohol stain should be cleaned with alcohol. Brushes used in lacquer should be cleaned with lacquer thinner. Brushes used in water-thinned paint should be washed in water. Brushes used for regular oil paint work can be cleaned in turpentine.

Model T-40 (47.5 HP), Industrial or farm use. Other equipment available. Write, wire, phone. Leventhal & Co. Machinery Agents, McIntyre Block, Winnipeg.

## Egg Shipments

Cargo Of Nearly 25 Million Eggs Carried On One Vessel

Revised figures in the shipment of nearly 10 million eggs to Britain on a single ship show that the cargo of eggs was nearer 25 million than ten. In 100 cartons of 66,000 cases, the dozens of eggs should have read 1,990,000, or 23,700,000 eggs and not as formerly stated 782,000 dozen and 9,384,000 eggs.

Meanwhile reports are pouring in from representative members of the egg trade in all parts in Britain giving high praise about the quality and condition of the eggs sent from Canada. Breakages have not been excessively heavy. At the same time, the Egg and Poultry Weekly Market Report of the Dominion Department of Agriculture gives a word of caution: "While praise is encouraging," it says, "Canada must not rest on her laurels. This job of exporting is not yet done to perfection. There is still too much breakage. More safeguards are needed to insure necessary uniformity in quality as delivered."

## Look out for Trouble from Sluggish KIDNEYS

Try the Original "Dutch Drops"

It is poisonous waste that your kidneys should be filtering out of your blood that may cause backache, dizzy spells, leg cramps, restless sleep, broken nights, and snoring and burning. For relief use the remedy that has won the grateful thanks of thousands for many years—GOLD MEDAL Haemorrhoid Oil Capsules. This effective diuretic and kidney stimulant is the original and genuine Dutch Drops in carefully measured amounts in tasteful Capsules. It is one of the most favorably known remedies for relieving congested kidneys and irritated bladder. It is a sure, safe, and effective remedy for your kidneys to purify the blood. Be sure you get the original and genuine—GOLD MEDAL Haemorrhoid Oil Capsules. 40c at your druggist.

## NEW JAP FLANE

The Japanese agency Domei has announced a new Japanese fighter plane, called the Hayate or Whirlwind, which it said "is now rushing forward like a hurricane to bag U.S. planes which dare to cross its path." In a radio Tokyo broadcast Domei said the plane "is a sort of hybrid with a four-bladed propeller."

## DATES TO BRONZE AGE

When a Lake Watnet fisherman at Stockholm was hauling up his nets one morning he found a rusty sword caught in the meshes. The sword, well preserved, was double-edged and about two feet long. It has been found to date back to the Bronze Age.



**WHY HAVE SORE FEET?**

**JUST RUB IN MINARD'S 'HOME OF PAIN' LINIMENT**

**10 DIESEL TRACTORS**  
Models TD-40 (47.5 HP), Industrial or farm use. Other equipment available. Write, wire, phone. Leventhal & Co. Machinery Agents, McIntyre Block, Winnipeg.



## HISTORY RECALLED

Extracts From Speeches By Mussolini  
Make Interesting Reading

R. M. Harrison, in The Windsor Star, declares that Mussolini's last speech was his best. At any rate, it was very brief, a double negative, when he cried to his captors, who had their guns upraised: "No! No!" The Windsor columnist describes Mussolini as the Bullfrog of the Pontine Marshes, but his last croak was nothing like speeches he was wont to make in imperial days, from the balcony. Some of these, now recalled, make interesting reading. In February, 1941, Caesar Sawdust orated: "Our power improves daily in quality and quantity." Mussolini shouted on that occasion, while all Italy cheered. "The Italian people deserve and will have victory . . . The crushing victory in the West (over France) has eliminated the possibility of a long Continental war . . . Miracles! This word sums up what we have done in Libya."

"We have not elevated lying into a government art," Benito assured all his bambinos. "It is a lie that the Axis powers, after they finish Great Britain, want to attack America . . . We are aristocrats and democrats, conservatives and progressives, according to circumstances of time and place . . . But Americans should be calm and not believe in the existence of the big bad wolf who wants to devour them."

The Duce was still at the height of his lung power on March 28, 1942, when he said: "It is no secret that the Italian air force is continually increasing in power." Addressing the Fascist party on June 10, that year, he threatened: "Life will become even more difficult for the English naval forces at the bases of Egypt . . . The objective which consists of expelling Britain from the Eastern Mediterranean, will be achieved." On June 15 it was: "Generals Bastica and Rommel laid their plans so successfully that they have settled the hash of the Eighth Army . . . What ever happens, Italy will march with Germany to the end."

Mussolini, however, has one undisputed claim to fame. He achieved power by the caesar oil route and he certainly greased the skids for his own downfall—St. Catharines Standard.

## Has Details

Could Positively Identify The Body Of Adolf Hitler

Dr. Robert M. W. Kempner, chief legal adviser of the pre-Hitler German police, said that Adolf Hitler possessed certain physical characteristics which would enable the Allies to positively identify his body. Kempner, who was in charge of the investigation of Hitler following the latter's arrest after the Munich "beer hall putsch," said Hitler had an abnormally long left thumb, his right ear was decidedly pointed on top and he had a receding mouth.

The former German police official said the ex-dictator's exact height was five feet six inches. His shoulders were habitually stooped and although he always tried to correct this condition in public, the bone structure would reveal the stoop, he added.

Kempner, who fled Germany in 1938, said these facts and the name of a prominent Berlin physician who could make positive identification have been turned over to federal authorities.

## Saved Civilization

Says Allied Scientists Prevented The Use Of Poison Gas

Professor E. F. Burton, head of the physics department of the University of Toronto, told a service club luncheon that Allied scientists have saved civilization from undergoing poison gas warfare through their accomplishments in making deadly poisons.

He said Hitler did not use poison gas on Allied troops "because he knew the Allies had a more deadly gas to use if he started first."

## TRUE DEMOCRACY

The thorough democracy of the Victoria Cross was forcibly illustrated not long ago when three men went to Buckingham Palace to receive the Crosses their sons had been awarded posthumously. One was a London financier. The second was a Scottish farmer. And the third was a rag-and-bone man from Camberwell.

## B.B.C. CHANGES

BBC news announcers returned to their peacetime anonymity. The use of announcers' names was begun in 1940 so listeners would know they were not listening to the enemy. BBC said that is no longer necessary.

In ancient Rome shopping for the family meals was regarded as man's work.



**KAISER'S WIDOW**—Hermine, widow of the former Kaiser Wilhelm of Germany, walks through the town of Schloss Stolberg with her niece, Princess Carmo Hartung (right), and nephew Prince Franz Joseph (in carriage), of Prussia. The Kaiser's widow was found and detained here by troops of Gen. Terry Allen's 104th Division.

## Count Bernadotte

Head Of Swedish Red Cross Man Of High Integrity

Count Bernadotte, the descendant of one of Napoleon's generals who gave a line of kings to Sweden, is the head of the Swedish Red Cross, a nephew of King Gustav, and could have been king himself 16 years ago if he had shown readiness to fall in the projects for forming the three Baltic states, Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia, into one kingdom.

He has had a unique experience in the war for, as head of the Swedish Red Cross, he has been bombed by the Luftwaffe in London and by the Royal Air Force in Berlin. He is a soldier and linguist, a word of such high integrity that Prime Minister Churchill's government implicitly trusts him.

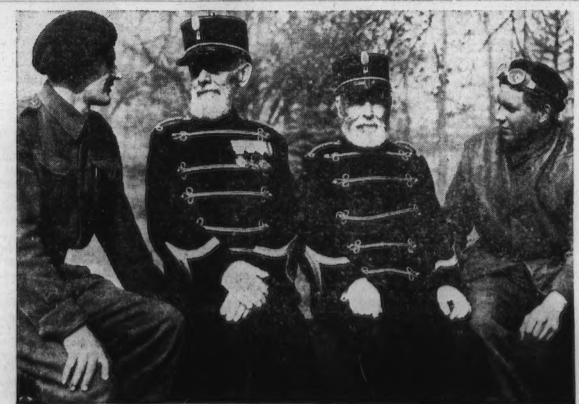
## Livestock Treatment

The Use Of Sulfa Drugs May Be Dangerous

Livestock owners who have heard of some of the benefits from the use of sulfa drugs in treating livestock ailments have been reminded by the veterinary authorities that there is also a dangerous side to the use of these drugs. Through their improper use, the following are some of the results—degeneration of liver cells, damage to kidney tubes, depletion of bone marrow, necrosis of muscles, and in some instances hemorrhages. The authorities point out that these are not common occurrences but they may result when sulfa drugs are used by persons who do not know their proper application and limitations. The only safe way is when the drugs are used under the direction of a veterinary officer.

## GHURKA WINS V.C.

Award of this war's 137th Victoria Cross, posthumously, to Jemadar Parkash Singh for gallantry in Burma, was announced in the London Gazette. Although both his legs were smashed by machine-gun bullets, Singh continued to direct and encourage his men to rout the Japanese. He was killed by a grenade wound in the chest.



**THE PRESENT AND THE PAST**—Old Dutch Colonial Soldiers meet Canadians. This picture was taken after a unique ceremony at Brossbeck Institute where the old soldiers raised the Dutch flag for the first time since the Nazi invasion of Holland on May 10, 1940. On the extreme left of the group is Tpr. L. W. Bill Goss, St. Boniface N.B. Extreme right; Tpr. Harry Watts, Penwick, Ont. The old soldiers are sitting on a cannon used to bombard Algiers in 1816.

## Civilians Do Not Know

Only A Soldier Can Possibly Understand How Soldiers Feel

We still know too little about what the men in the front lines have had to endure. A wall inevitably rises between those who have suffered and those who have only worried. Because nobody has said this better than Brooks Atkinson said it in the New York Times after returning from a year in China, we are quoting some of his article:

"Nothing a civilian can do at home for the war compares in any way with what a soldier has to give out of himself. For a civilian has a home to go to every night, where he enjoys a little privacy or has some time to himself. He has time off that he can use as he pleases. He has never had to surrender his identity as an individual. In his wartime life there is a large measure of choice of friends, food and amusement."

"Since the nature of war is not only dangerous but destructive, a soldier also lives in an atmosphere of varying degrees of frightfulness alternating with boredom. He must always be at the peak of his form in a cruel competition of death. In the field he lives like a hounded animal, in misery without civilized comforts—everything impromptu and temporary. Since he sees comrades dying and knows that he may die himself, he has to give himself to war without reservation in self-defence. He is absorbed in it. If he had to live this way in his own country, he would at least be fighting for something he could see. His feet would be on ground he loves."

"But even if he is a good internationalist, which is highly unlikely, he can hardly understand in his bones why he is pitting his life against the enemy in a country that, no matter how rich and beautiful, does not warm his heart as America does. Homesickness lies at the heart of all his dissatisfactions. No wonder he suspects that no one at home understands what he is giving his country. No one does."—Saturday Evening Post.

## Has Lost Anyway

Nothing Remains For Hitler If He Is Still Alive

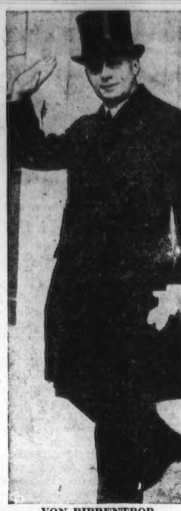
If he (Hitler) really is dead, he died too late. He had done all the evil that any one man could do before he died. If, on the other hand, announcement of his death is a "martyr" ruse, it is a futile one. For, if Hitler lives, he lives in vain. He has been guilty of the one crime recognized by a majority of the German people today—the crime of a failure. He didn't give his Master race the mastery of the world. Therefore, his fellow-Germans now hate him and scorn him, alive or dead.—Buffalo Courier-Express.

## BEST SHE COULD DO

A young soldier in hospital had received many kindnesses from a woman visitor, who asked him one day if there was anything she could send him to while away the long hours of his convalescence. He replied that he would like to have a gramophone record of Beethoven's "Moonlight Sonata."

Some days later he was astonished to receive a letter which read: "I have got you a record of Frank Sinatra singing 'Moonlight,' but nobody seems to have heard of Bert Hoven's band!"

Under a high-power microscope coal does not appear black; the cellular structure of ancient ferns is often visible.



VON RIBBENTROP



GRAND ADMIRAL KARL DOENITZ

## Oil In Britain

Field Is Now Yielding Around 26,000,000 Gallons A Year

Britain's war leaders are not obliged to worry as much about oil as they did in the dark days of the U-boat menace, the Woodstock Sentinel-Review points out, and when it looked like the Germans and the Japs, between them, would control the vast reservoirs in the Caucasus, the Middle East and the Far East. Now, of course, the oil of the Caucasus is safe. So is the oil of the Middle East. And the United States has, to put it mildly, "barrels of the stuff."

Nevertheless the news is, according to a British journal, "London Calling", that a British oilfield is now yielding oil at the rate of 26,000,000 gallons a year. It was known that there was oil in Britain, it had been known for hundreds of years. Nothing much was done about it until the threats and dangers of the First World War forced intensive study of the possibilities. Not until 1924, however, did oil production in England make much progress. A new statute established conditions which made it practicable for a search on scientific lines to be undertaken. Between the passing of the act and the outbreak of this war, licenses to prospect for oil were granted to three or four companies. With the beginning of the war, the search for oil became hotter and hotter. As a result, 238 producing oil wells were completed. Oil production increased from 300 tons a month in 1939 to such an extent that a grand total of 78,000,000 gallons have been produced in the war period. This news was allowed through the censor because conditions had changed so much in the global war. The precise location of the oil field is still a deep military secret.

## ONLY FIFTY LEFT

Of the 125 Swedish merchant vessels chartered to the British Ministry of Shipping after the German occupation of Denmark and Norway in 1940, only fifty were left at the beginning of this year, the American-Swedish News Exchange reports. The lost vessels constituted more than two-thirds of the tonnage, 600,000 registered tons in all, chartered to the British.

Only 30 species of violets have been found in the United States, although there are more than 100 known varieties of this plant.

## THE FANATICAL JAPS

Regard Conflict As Holy War Against The White Race

Asserting that, in her opinion, cogorated by many other informed people, the war with Japan would last for "at least another year and a half, at a conservative estimate," Mrs. Garnett Gardiner, herself a resident of the Far East for 10 years and wife of W. P. Gardiner, formerly of Shanghai, warned an audience of 300 citizens in Brantford, Ont., that to permit Japan to make a negotiated peace might be fatal to Occidental civilization.

Among repatriates from Japanese occupation, Mrs. Gardiner pointed out that the Japanese were more fanatical than the Germans ever were and in an incomparably more favorable position, strategically. They had achieved, she further observed, the "greatest conquest in human history in the shortest time, since making war on Britain and the U.S.A."

Alluding to the yellow enemy's "coldly calculated brutality and ruthless savagery and beastliness," the speaker quoted the pleas of the soldiers, sailors and marines fighting in the Mikado's herds. "Don't let up when the German war is over."

The Japanese, said Mrs. Gardiner, were waging nothing short of what they regarded as a holy and racial war against the white race. "If we don't stop them now," she said, "in another 20 years they will come back and perhaps they will have a united Asia behind them."

As for a negotiated peace, she warned that the Japanese might find it convenient to fake a revolution in an effort to hoodwink the British and Americans into believing that the Japanese "people" never really wanted this war. To this end propaganda was already ready. The F.B.I. knew of the possibility. It was for the white people to beware of deceptive propaganda from the Japanese, a propaganda deliberately taking advantage of Christian sympathies.

Strongly urging support for China, which had been out for 10 years, Mrs. Gardiner said that if China were betrayed this time, she would never trust the white people again and the consequent development would be tragic and disastrous.

## Must Be Protected

Coastline One Reason Why Canada Is Interested In Pacific

In speech in Montreal, Hon. Ralph A. Baid, Undersecretary of the U.S. Navy, said:

There are many reasons why Canada should be interested in the Pacific. One reason is the miles of Pacific coastline which Canada must watch and protect. Fifteen hundred and eighty of those miles are mainland. The rest are the shores of the innumerable islands off the coast. The Japanese are warning how essential control of offshore islands is to national defence. An enemy-held island is a cancer in the national body from which death can spread all through the system.

Today, as thousands of years ago, the road, particularly the air road, to the Americas from Asia runs through Canada. You can be sure that if an enemy should ever again move against North America as he did through the Aleutians in the summer of 1942, he would again threaten Canada, the key to the continent. It is therefore most appropriate that Canada should be interested in the prosecution of this war in the Pacific and in the discussion of how to stabilize that area in the post-war years. These interests of Canada and the United States are inextricably mingled, and a successful attack on either one would be fatal to the other.

## WHEN COOKING MEAT

Low cooking temperatures keep meat shrinkage at a minimum. A steady oven heat of 325-350 degrees F means more pounds of meat on the table—and not only more meat but juicier, better flavored meat. For economical carving a roast should not be taken directly from the oven to the table. It needs 5 to 10 minutes rest in the warming oven en route. This allows the meat to "set" and makes for easier and more economical carving.

## PLANNING FOR FUTURE

"Airmen in the R.C.A.F. Bomber group in Britain seem to be a great deal more interested preparing for the transition period from service life to civvy street than they are back in Canada, reports Ft. Lt. J. V. Foy of Almonte, one of two personnel counsellors stationed at the base of the Lion Air Base R.C.A.F. Squadron in Britain, to help air force personnel plan their post-war future."

The human body moves 306 bones together and involves 498 muscles.

## Women Qualified As Doctors Have Accomplished Good Work As Medical Officers With Army

ABOVE the usual operating room mask friendly eyes smiled a message of good luck to the wounded soldier on the table. Feminine hands administered the anesthetic. "Thanks, sister," mumbled the soldier as he slipped into unconsciousness to allow Canadian surgeons to mend his broken body. The soldier didn't know it until later, but he was addressing a captain in the Royal Canadian Army Medical Corps, one of a number of little-publicized women doctors serving as Medical Officers with the Canadian Army overseas, in England and in Europe.

There are eight of these young women serving overseas with Canadian military hospitals at present. Another has recently returned to Canada. Qualified medical doctors, and in some cases specialists, they serve in various capacities—anaesthetist, laboratory technicians, general medical officers.

Two have seen service in the European theatre and Italy—Captain Deborah Hannay, of Kitchener, Ont., and Captain (Acting Major) Marion Rosa, of Barrie, Ont.

Captain Hannay, then Dr. Hannay, B.A.M.D., physician, offered her services to the army in October, 1942, and was accepted. She saw Army service in Canada, later in England with a Canadian hospital and more recently has been on attachment to a Canadian hospital in western Europe.

Captain Marion Rosa, born at Barrie, Ont., has served with a Canadian General Hospital in Italy. Capt. Rosa was in England, at Christ's Hospital in Horsham, Sussex, when she became a Canadian Army medical officer on November 12, 1942. She has a sister, Miss Margaret Rosa, residing in Toronto at 414 Lytton Blvd.

Six others, serving in various Canadian hospitals in England, were called upon recently by a public relations officer who found them intensely interested in their work, and high in their admiration for the wounded men under their care. Publicity, according to code of their profession, they sought no glory, emphasizing instead the satisfaction of being able to serve in the capacity for which they are trained.

Major Viola Rae, a pathologist from Hamilton, Ont., was busy preparing fresh donated English blood to be used for emergency cases evacuated from the front by plane. A graduate of the Universities of Alberta and Toronto, Major Rae joined the Medical Corps two and a half years ago. She has been overseas almost a year, and is enjoying her work as hospital pathologist, seeing at first hand the amazing strides made by medicine in the fight against infection, and helping to solve various problems of bacteriology arising out of the war.

In three different operating rooms, women doctors were at work as anaesthetists.

Captain Leida Seatrapp of Eckville, Alta., and formerly physician practising at Weyburn, Sask., was participating in a delicate skin grafting operation being performed by Major Vic Raitton of Port Colborne, Ont., and Captain Gardner Cooper of Toronto. In addition to serving as an anaesthetist, she has charge of two wards.

Captain Seatrapp practised in Saskatchewan after graduating from the University of Alberta, and was three years in Weyburn before becoming a medical officer in July, 1942. She has been overseas since last September.

Another anaesthetist specialist is Captain Mary Newman, a University of Toronto medical graduate, and a medical practitioner in Windsor, Ont., since 1931. Capt. Newman says it is a privilege to serve overseas, even at the expense of the practice she had built up in pre-war days. In Canada she served 13 months as a medical officer for the C.W.A.C. at Kitchener, Ont.

Two other anaesthetists, both residents of Toronto and recent graduates of the University of Toronto, are Captain Shirley Fleming and Captain Roma Merritt.

A daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Fleming, of Toronto, Capt. Fleming joined the army shortly after graduating from the University of Toronto. "We admire our soldiers so much," she said. "They take it all with a smile and complain so little." She had just finished administering the anaesthetic for an operation, an injection of Pentothal, used because facial wounds made it impossible to utilize masks. Successful treatment of war casualties is a doctor's most gratifying accomplishment, she said. The operation in which she was participating was performed by Captain William Milligan, army surgeon from Cornwall, Ont.

The same afternoon, Captain Roma Merritt, wheeling her anaesthetic equipment from one operating room to another, obligingly posed for an army photographer. Later she ex-

pressed great admiration for the patients, and chatted about her work. On the lawn the hospital Canadian officers, recuperating from wounds, were basking in the warm March sunshine.

A recent University of Toronto graduate, Captain Merritt hopes to continue as an anaesthetist, or specialize in Public Health work after demobilization. She is the daughter of Mrs. Louisa Merritt, 97 Spadina Road, Toronto.

With an increasing number of WRENS, CWACs and RCAF WDs' now overseas, it has been necessary to set up a women's ward in one Canadian General Hospital in England. The doctor in charge is Capt. Margaret Donnell, former staff member of the Saskatchewan Provincial Sanatorium, and a native of Haliburton, Ont. She has been an Army medical officer since Oct. 28, 1942, and for nearly two years did regimental duty with the C.W.A.C. in Regina and Kitchener, Ont.

Capt. Donnell is the daughter of Rev. James A. Donnell, now United Church pastor at Prince Rupert, B.C. She decided on a medical career after graduating in Arts from the University of Saskatchewan. She spent three years doing clinical work in Toronto, then joined the staff of the Saskatchewan Provincial Sanatorium.

Another woman doctor who has seen overseas service with the Canadian Army is Capt. Helen Howell, who returned to Canada last December. Captain Howell, besides being an M.D., holds the degree of Master of Arts. She was in England when she decided to become an army doctor, leaving her work with the Regional Transfusion Service, School of Medicine, Leeds, to join the R.C.A.M.C., May 7, 1943. She served with a Canadian General Hospital in England and returned to Canada in December. Captain Howell has a brother, Dr. James H. Howell, practising in Galt, Ont.

### About Beverages

Use Of Tea, Coffee And Cocoa In Britain, Canada And U.S.A.

An interesting feature both regard to the use of tea and coffee in the United States, Canada, and Britain is the high consumption of tea in Britain relative to coffee both in the present and pre-war times, compared with the reverse situation in the United States. Canada consumed about equal quantities of both beverages before the war but the consumption of coffee increased during the war period at the expense of tea. Before the war, cocoa was consumed in about equal quantities in the United States and Britain, but in Canada consumption was somewhat lower. In all three countries, supplies declined during the war. Britain now consumes the most cocoa and Canada the least—Combined Food Board Report.

If the ocean dropped 50 feet, Australia and New Guinea would be connected by dry land.



**OFFICE BOY TO FIREMAN**—Clarence Downes joined the Canadian Pacific Railway at Moose Jaw in 1941 as office boy, later worked as clerk at Swift Current, then in September, 1942, enlisted with the Royal Canadian Navy at Regina, training at Regina, Esquimaux, Toronto and Detroit. A naval stoker, he saw service in England, Scotland, Malta, Gibraltar and after D-Day on the Normandy beaches. Now he is back with his old firm, the Canadian Pacific, but this time as a fireman. His experience and training as naval stoker makes him a "natural" for his new job. He is seen being welcomed back into C.P.R. service by J. C. Jones, superintendent at Moose Jaw. "You'll take a while to become re-adjusted to civilian life, I did, and so did thousands of others after the last show," said the superintendent. "I'm glad to be back," replied ex-stoker Downes. "Canada is still the best place to live!"

### Your Accident Chances

Second Safest Job Is In Plant Putting Out Explosives

Manufacture of explosives is the second safest job to work at according to the National Safety Council, Washington. There chances of injury, enough for "temporary disability" are one in 100. Safest industry is communication with chances one in 150. The pedestrian's chances of being hit by a motor car are one in 570. The drunk driver is 55 times more likely to have an accident than the sober. Your chances of being hurt travelling in a train are one in 1,620,000. Home and job are equally safe with accident chances one in 20.—Financial Post.

### Pretty Pansies



by Alice Brooks

Pansies are perfect subjects for the embroiderer's art, with their rich colorings and velvety texture. Put them on table linens and towels. Beginners' stitches, but so effective on household linens. Pattern 7421 has transfer of twelve motifs 1 1/2 x 2 1/4 inches. To obtain this pattern send twenty cents in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) to Household Arts Department, Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Avenue E., Winnipeg, Man. Be sure to write plainly your Name, Address and Pattern Number. "Because of the slowness of the mails delivery of our patterns may take a few days longer than usual."

### Needed In Many Ways

Forests Have Other Uses Than Merely Supplying Lumber

More things than merely the operation of lumber mills and paper mills and plastic plants and chemical factories are involved in the protection of our forests.

It is our forests after all which form the background of our great recreation areas, which give us our fishing and our hunting, which provide and preserve the principal assets which create our tourist trade.

Without our forests our streams would soon dry up, our fishing would soon be gone, our hunting would be no more. Without our forests there would be no water power to move our growing industries. Without our forests our fur trapping industry would disappear.

Thus our forests touch our lives closely in far more ways than we ordinarily imagine. They lessen the prospect that life will be flat, stale and unprofitable. Their green eases the strain upon the eyes. They lie in the background of a job at the steel plant, the newspaper or the underwear counter—and they provide us with much of our enjoyment and our fun.

So, when some one warns you of the danger of forest fire, just remember that he may not be thinking of the pulpwood supply, but rather of the fishing trip that you and he are planning to take next year or the car coat you are planning to buy ten years from now.—Saul Ste. Marie Star.

### A Simple Statement

President's Truman's Mother Said He Always Favored Straight Furrow

A letter in New York Times says: Something a mother said of her son has impressed me more deeply than anything I have read about the new President. She said that he plowed the straightest furrow in the country when he was a boy.

Something in the simplicity of that statement seems to give the answer to those in doubt as to how President Truman will handle the job put before him.

Countless others may feel that same security and confidence in the simple statement from the heart and pride of a mother.

## Port Of London With Its Two Thousand Years Of History Has Performed A Valuable Service

THE Port of London, with its 45 miles of docks and hundreds of river-side wharves, the largest in the world stands unrivalled by virtue of its geographical position alone, placed on the great European trade routes, directly opposite the mouths of three continental rivers, the Elbe, the Scheldt and the Rhine, natural channels of trade to a vast hinterland; at the centre of the Commonwealth transport network; the New World's gateway to the Old.

Its 2,000 years of history is the history of Britain and the British Empire; its overwhelming importance in the war—which for four years the enemy tried to reduce by the most prolonged and vicious air attack Germany ever mounted against any one target—proves its continual and vital impact upon world history as well.

The Port of London was already flourishing before the Romans came, in 61 A.D. Tacitus commented: "Londinium is much frequented by a number of merchants and trading vessels. The port continues to flourish through the troubled times which followed the Romans' departure; the Venerable Bede wrote of London, "It is the mart of many nations." William the Conqueror immediately perceived the port's significance and built his great Tower of London as a viable tribute to it, the Tower in which has been centred all the great moments of English history and which stands today dominating London. Pool. William granted the Merchants of the City their first Charter, and the port expanded, there was a great influx of foreign merchants, from Normandy, Flanders, Italy, Spain and other European countries who found London "fitted for their trading and better stored with merchandise in which they were wont to traffic." The early days of the Tudor period saw the foundation of the Royal Navy. The first capital ship of the Navy, the Harry Grace a Dieu was built in London port, and the beginning of that great tradition of merchant adventurers which opened up the sea routes of the world, brought the peoples of the world together, and carried the British flag to every continent. Willoughby and Chancellor sailed from the Port of London in 1555 in the attempt to open up a North-West passage. They succeeded in establishing a great flow of trade between London and Russia. In 1600 a fleet sailed from Woolwich for India, and that was the beginning of the East India Company. In 1606, Captain John Smith embarked for America, and founded the first permanent colony in Virginia. 14 years before the Pilgrim Fathers sailed. In 1668, ships left Gravesend for Canada, and the result of their mission was the Hudson Bay Company. During the 18th Century, the expansion of the Port leaped ahead. Between 1700 and 1771 its commerce was nearly doubled, and from 1770 to 1795 only 25 years, it again doubled. Congestion was tremendous and in the Upper Pool 1,771 vessels were moored in a space adapted for 500 odd.

The situation called for Government intervention, and a Parliamentary Committee of enquiry was set up. Its report was an early example of British democratic procedure which has become more and more the rule. Government enterprise arose out of the enquiry; the construction of great docks and great rendering more commodious and better regulating the Port of London. These were later leased out to various companies "and the public revenue greatly benefited"—on precisely the same principle of Government sponsorship and individual enterprise which is animating commercial policy today. The Nineteenth Century saw the Port growing continuously, more commodious. Landmarks were the beginning of the great colonial world trade, another imperial link with Australia and New Zealand, strengthened yet further at the end of the century by the arrival of huge shipments of frozen meat and butter.

The affairs of the Port were now of such national and international importance that in 1900 a Royal Commission was appointed to enquire into the best methods of organization, in 1908 the Port of London Act was passed.

Before the outbreak of war the Port's traffic reached record proportions. Over 62 million net registered tons of shipping arrived and departed from the Port in the course of a year. Two-thirds of this shipping was engaged in trade with Empire and foreign ports. The turn-round of these ships meant the handling of 44 millions of tons of imports, exports and transshipments. The total value of the Port's overseas trade in 1938 was nearly 6000 millions sterling, close on two-fifths of the total overseas trade of the United Kingdom—and the United Kingdom had the greatest overseas trade in the world. The variety of goods dealt with is most impressive and comprises some 4,000 items. The enormous number of transactions involved in the port's import trade is indicated by over a million customs entries passed in a normal year.

There are many classes of raw materials and goods which, though not imported in huge quantities, are very valuable and vitally important. For many of these London has become virtually the world market, providing a well-organized channel of distribution and performing a service to the world. In this category are chemicals, drugs, spices, hides and skins, essential oils and numerous others. The handling of these commodities involves the employment of great skill and knowledge in their preparations before marketing. The necessary qualifications must be acquired only by years of experience and in a market through which consignments are extensive and regular. Commerce is a profession and those who practice it must be qualified by sales and apprentices. Apprenticeship is served better in the docks of London than anywhere else.

London to Dunkirk and back. This voyage, as epoch making as any in the Port's history, was sailed by countless craft in June 1940, lighters, barges, tugs, as variegated an assortment of shipping as ever put to sea left London for the rescue of the 33,000 largest contingent to sail from any port.

The port then became the major objective of the Luftwaffe, an attack which continued with flying bombs, rockets for nearly five years.

"On 7th September, Goering told the German people, 'This is the historic hour when our air force for the first time delivered its stroke into the enemy's heart.' On 7th September it came, the glorious day, Saturday afternoon—there were in all 375 bombers. They dropped their bombs on Woolwich, on the docks at Millwall, on the docks at Limehouse and at Rotherhithe, on the docks by Tower Bridge, on the Surrey docks. . . . There was a two hour break in the attack, at 10 minutes past 8 the night raiding force appeared—until 4.30 next morning the dropping procession went on. In the dockside boroughs thousands of houses were destroyed. In Surrey docks was the night's biggest fire, immense in its area, 30 or 40 times larger than the biggest in London's recent history." The docks were bombed every night that September, and 6,000 people were killed.

That was only the beginning and enemy action still continued. But the Port of London has never been out of action. Even at the height of the Blitz, with German guns and observers straddling the Channel, merchant ships still sailed up the Thames to London and delivered their cargoes. "Though the houses were flattened for miles around, the Port was busy. This has required an amazing gallantry and devotion to duty—over 150 members of the Port of London Authority's staff have been honored by H.M. The King, four more of the staff have received the Netherlands Cross of Merit, tribute from another great seafaring race. More than 60 of their number have been killed on the home front."

This courage had its reward, for the part played by the Port in the Invasion Plan is now emerging as one of the most vital and all-London in fact was the springboard of liberation.

And as the Port has played this overwhelming part in accomplishing victory so too it presses to carry on its great peace-time work of prosperity on a renewed and even greater scale, maintaining London's place as the great focus of world commerce.

### YOUTH TRAINING

Plans for a national youth training movement, along lines similar to the Sea Cadets, were approved at the annual convention of the Navy League of Canada at Calgary. Known as Navy League Cadets, the organization would "teach good citizenship and patriotism regardless of creed" and "give leadership to youth."

Clad flowers will more quickly if placed near apples, due to a gas given off by the fruit.

**WOMEN DOCTORS ON ACTIVE SERVICE**—Capt. Leyda Seatrapp, Canadian Army medical officer is shown here (left) administering anaesthetic to a Canadian war casualty, while Capt. Gardner Cooper (centre) and Lieut. (Nursing Sister) Marjorie Elizabeth Edmonds, Winnipeg, perform a delicate skin-grafting operation at a Canadian General Hospital in England. Capt. Seatrapp is from Eckville, Alta., and Dr. Cooper from Toronto.



—Canadian Army Overseas photo.



## Pastures For Hogs

Pastures have an important place in any successful pig breeding program, and the fullest possible use should be made of pasture crops for the maintenance of breeding hogs and sows as well as in the development of young growing stock for breeding purposes, says W. W. Cran, Dominion Experimental Farm, Indian Head, Sask.

While a considerable saving in costs may be effected by the use of good pasture, particularly in the case of mature hogs and dry or pregnant sows, green feed should generally be regarded as an essential supplement to, rather than a substitute for, feeds ordinarily fed.

The natural healthful environment associated with good pasture conditions is effective in promoting normal elimination and a general physical condition essential to health and thrift that is particularly difficult to maintain in closely confined pregnant or nursing sows. Shelter against sun, rain and wind should always be available to pigs on pasture.

Although pasture is recommended for breeding stock of all ages, feeding tests have shown that market pigs will make faster and cheaper gains in closer confinement, provided they are fed and housed under comfortable, sanitary conditions, allowed moderate exercise and fed a well balanced ration including green feed.

The growing of annual pasture crops in quarter to one-acre lots is one of the best methods of supplying green feed. At Indian Head

a mixture of oats and fall rye seeded in early May at the rate of two bushels of oats and one bushel of fall rye per acre, has proved the most satisfactory annual pasture crop for pigs. This crop should not be pastured before it is three or four inches high, and avoid too close grazing. When two or more pastures are provided, the pigs may be moved from one to another as necessary.

Mount Royal College, Calgary, will present on June 4, at the Victoria Pavilion, the final symphony concert in Calgary under the distinguished conductorship of Jascha Galperin. Proceeds of the concert will go to the Kerby Memorial Fund. This memorial, in the form of a building dedicated to the memory of the late Dr. George W. Kerby, will increase the facilities of the College and add to its scope as a cultural centre for Southern Alberta.

The people of Southern Alberta are familiar with the superb orchestral performances under Mr. Galperin's direction, and will be sorry to hear he is leaving Calgary this summer. At this final appearance under his direction, a greatly augmented orchestra will present the following program: Rossini, overture; Barber of Seville. Beethoven, Symphony No. 5 in C Minor, first movement. Ponce, Dance of the Hours.

Wieniawski, Violin Concerto No. 2, first movement, played by Donald MacWilliams, soloist.

Beethoven, Piano Concerto No. 3 in C Minor, played by Mary Ella Caldwell, soloist.

Mozart, Serenade in Four Movements, played by the string orchestra.

Straw, Tales From the Vienna Woods.

## Russians Capture Big German Spy School

Moscow. — A huge German spy school at Falkenberg, containing records expected to furnish the names and identities of at least 10,000 key Nazis wanted by the United Nations, has been captured by the Russians, the army organ Red Star reported recently.

The school is one of three which have turned out 10,000 highly trained spies in the last ten years, Red Star said. The school is located near the Baltic Sea. The other two are reported at Sonhaffen, in Bavaria, and Vogelsand, in the Rhineland.

The schools originally were founded to train local fascists, but were converted into giant spy factories, each with an enrollment of 1,000 students, who were trained for a year in each school, Red Star said. It said the Russians found all records and laboratories intact.

One room was filled with complete information about Ireland, Red Star said. Another had detailed data on the north Caucasus in Russia, with exact production figures on each collective and state farm.

The Russians found three case-loads of books on the Argentine, the dispatch reported. Great steel safes also were discovered. Red Star said that when all records and inventories were completed, a list of all graduates probably would be found.

## They Kept The Goods Rolling



SERGEANTS in the First Canadian Railway Workshop Company, R.C.E., in Belgium, these former Canadian Pacific employees played a major role in the vital work of keeping supply lines moving in Europe as the Allied armies swept to victory.

Front row, left to right, Staff Sergeant George Creasy, Toronto, Ont.; Sgt. Dave Fricker, North Bay, Ont.; Sgt. Harry Bullock, Montreal.

ADVERTISE !! It Pays.

# it's a long winter mister

The men now working in Western mines are looking for your order for next winter's coal. Unless you buy your full requirement for next winter immediately, these men will have to take on other jobs. See your dealer at once.

**ORDER YOUR COAL NOW!**

DEPARTMENT OF MUNITIONS AND SUPPLY  
Hon. C. D. Howe, Minister

# TAXATION FOR PROSPERITY

"The Government, by the conscious and deliberate exercise of its functions, can influence to a vital degree the conditions of (Canadian) life. . . . The important thing is that it should direct that influence toward the creation of a stable and prosperous community."

*John Bracken*

To this great end Progressive Conservative taxation policies are designed. We believe the power to tax must be creative, not destructive. It must help, not hinder; stimulate, not depress. Wisely and deliberately it must be used as one of many Government controls to prevent both artificial booms and economic depressions. Above all, the Progressive Conservative Party is determined that taxation shall be used beneficently as an instrument of expanding prosperity.

Taxation must be used to bridle the strong and help the weak. It must encourage and not discourage all legitimate enterprise. . . . Every useful activity which gives employment at fair wages and contributes to the sum total of Canadian prosperity must be encouraged to develop its fullest potentialities.

In order that an expanding prosperity may be progressively realized, too, idle capital, dormant accumulations of profits must be forced into productive effort. Capital must be dynamic and not dormant. We believe it is the responsibility of progressive Government to ensure that capital is made to work—creating jobs, wages, consumer demand—and prosperity! There must be equal opportunity for all.

The Progressive Conservative Party's plans for an expanding Canadian economy will not tolerate a top-heavy, burdensome bureaucracy supported by the workers and producers of this Dominion. The King Government has saddled this Dominion with a gigantic and still growing bureaucracy—and the Canadian taxpayer foots the bill. To-day, State Socialism is clamorous for absolute power, already envisions a dictatorial bureaucracy of such dimensions that Canadians would stagger helplessly under the load of their obligations to the State.

We will frame tax policies to stimulate employment, the expansion and development of industry, natural resources and international trade.

We will revise and simplify the present obsolete and unscientific tax structure and consolidate the tax collecting authorities.

We will see that the power to tax is returned to Parliament, rather than left in the hands of officials, so that the taxes borne by the people are those imposed by their elected representatives. To that end we will remove the present abuses of income tax administration by ensuring that:

- ✓ Assessments must be made promptly and accurately.
- ✓ Assessments must be final, so far as the government is concerned, except in cases of fraud.
- ✓ There must be an end to penalties and interest charges due to departmental delays.
- ✓ There must be an end to arbitrary assessments, based on the discretionary rulings of officials.
- ✓ There must be an end to the discretionary powers of officials.
- ✓ There must be a simplified procedure for appeals on assessments by every taxpayer.

We shall see that personal tax exemptions are raised to at least \$1,200 for married persons and \$750 for single persons, that each taxpayer shall be allowed, in addition, a personal tax exemption of \$400 for each dependent, and that the rates of personal income tax in the lower tax brackets are substantially reduced.

This soundly practical Taxation Policy, we of the Progressive Conservative Party pledge to all Canadians as a forthright aid to revitalized, co-operative prosperity for all.

FOR THE DAWN OF A NEW



## Security with Freedom!

Your Vote on June 11th can bring lasting security to your work, your home, your family!

### Security for your WORK

Here are some of the definite, practical steps taken by the Liberal Government to give security to home and family by assuring well-paid post-war jobs for everyone:

**For Veterans** — The most generous plan of any United Nation to get returned men started in the type of work each of them chooses. The Liberal Government is determined that every man and woman coming home to Canada shall return to the land of greatest opportunity in the world.

**For Workers** — About a third of all Canadians depend on exports for their livelihood. Liberal plans provide for increasing our exports 60% in value over those of 1939.

**For Farmers** — Acting on the belief that all Canadians prosper when farmers do, the Liberal Government has arranged that they can improve their farms and equipment under a new loan plan and has arranged to put a floor under the prices of farm and fishery products.

To stimulate employment for all, the Liberal Government has created a special Department of Reconstruction which is now in operation and which will co-ordinate private and public enterprise.

### Security for your HOME

The Liberals believe that the home is the heart of the nation. They aim to give Canadians every possible facility to build and furnish better homes! With Government assistance you can build a home in the country, town or city. This will make jobs for the building trades, and those who make building supplies—and those who manufacture household equipment and furniture.

**New Homes for Canadians** — The Liberal Government's new \$400,000,000 National

Housing Act, now on the statute books, enables hundreds of thousands of Canadians to get money at low interest, and on long, generous terms to build, renovate or enlarge their own homes. Now that Germany is defeated, plans are already in operation for at least 50,000 dwellings.

Other practical, workable measures for the security of your home are the Liberal Government's laws for Unemployment Insurance and Liberal Old Age Pensions.

The Liberals believe in doing what can be done, as soon as it can be done. If returned to power on June 11th, they will carry on and expand the sound, constructive work already started.

### Security for your FAMILY

**Family Allowances** — Starting in July, parents who benefit least from income tax exemptions will receive Family Allowance cheques every month to help them get better food, clothing, shelter and education for their children so they can grow into healthy, vigorous Canadian citizens. These cheques will amount to between \$200,000,000 and \$250,000,000 a year. As direct spending power, this will do much to help in achieving the Liberal's objective of full employment.

**Health** — A National Health Plan will ensure that everybody shall be taken care of while they are sick and the best measures medical science can devise shall be employed to prevent disease.

Despite the efforts of Drew, Bruce, Ranken and other reactionaries, the Liberals are determined that human interests; the needs of man, shall be placed before "business as usual".

The Liberals have faith in Canada, a united country, and in their ability to continue to build, with your support, a more abundant life and greater opportunities for Canadians.

Help build this new order of security with freedom. Protect the social gains already made. Vote for your Liberal candidate on June 11th.

Published by The National Liberal Committee

WIN WITH BRACKEN

Vote for Your

PROGRESSIVE CONSERVATIVE CANDIDATE

# COME and HEAR ....



HON. S. E. LOW

**Hon. S. E. Low**  
National Social Credit  
Leader



F. D. SHAW

**F. D. Shaw**  
Social Credit  
Candidate

**Arena Auditorium, Olds**  
Thursday June 7th. 8.30 p.m.  
For Capable, Experienced Full-time Representation  
VOTE ON JUNE 11

**SHAW, FREDERICK DAVIS**

**X**

Red Deer Constituency Social Credit Association

## Red Cross Donations

Mr. and Mrs. Ronald C. Ross	\$10.00
Milton Campbell	5.00
Harold Brown	5.00
Mrs. Gardin and family	10.00
Arch Murray	2.00
Milford Anderson	10.00
Boyd Elliott	.50
Harold Anderson	1.00
George Anderson	2.00
Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Berkley	3.00
Fred Penny	5.00
Mrs. L. O. LeMay	5.00
Hugh Phillips	1.00
H. LaMarsh	1.00
Frank Richardson	10.00
Mrs. B. F. Ross	25.00
Hainstock Ladies Aid	15.00
B. F. Ross	10.00
William Ross	5.00
Cleo Ross	2.00
Mrs. Kenneth Ross	5.00
P. Kearney	2.00
Mrs. Grace Sturton	3.00
Ralph Botheras	5.00
Mrs. Wallace Kearney	4.00
Marlin Thomson	1.00
C. R. Pickett	1.00
Mr. and Mrs. N. Holmes	5.00
Mr. and Mrs. Edward Rosehill	5.00
Roy Yewell	5.00
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rosehill	10.00
Mrs. Clarence Holmes	5.00
Mrs. L. P. Oliver	2.00
Rockwood Home and School	5.00
Sundre	16.00
Leslie Echlin	15.00
Bethelton Knitting Group	15.00
Mrs. C. K. McMurray, Bearberry	1.00
Dave Arndt	2.00
N. T. Hagen, Long Beach	10.00
Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Morris	5.00
Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Anderson	5.00
E. Christensen, Eagle Hill	5.00
S. Nesitt, Eagle Hill	1.00
R. Scarratt, Eagle Hill	1.00
Ivy Judkins	.50
Mrs. Doris Dieham	.50
Walter Muir, Mound	25.00
Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Dunkley	25.00
Dr. F. B. Shimer	10.00
Mr. and Mrs. Sam Martin	5.00
Archie Wilcock	10.00

Mrs. T. Smith	1.00
Dr. C. C. Hartman	20.00
Ivan Wilson	2.00
Mr. and Mrs. Esper Espersen	10.00
Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Monday	1.00
Bruce Paton	5.00
Harold Judkins	5.00
R. L. Holmes	4.00
E. R. Meisner	3.00
Geo. A. Knapp	10.00
Geo. Gilson	5.00
Ray Henry	1.00
Mrs. C. Scholz	1.00
Miss H. L. Muir	12.00
Mrs. C. Drew	2.00
Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Brown	5.00
Mrs. C. Reimer	1.00
Miss L. Hartman	2.00
Mrs. A. C. Moore	10.00
H. Bolander	2.00
Miss F. Ansell	1.00



### Information, Thank You

Farmers are provided with plenty of information by professional agriculturists, and it is usually reliable and useful. There may sometimes be a difference between what the professional agriculturist thinks should interest his farmer audience and what actually does.

An enterprising district agriculturist in central Alberta recently attempted to measure the importance of various topics in terms of farmer demand. He distributed a questionnaire containing a list of 24 subjects and asked farmers to indicate beside each subject whether "not interesting," "interesting," "very interesting," "definitely interesting." Nearly 200 farmers completed the form.

From the summary of results it was discovered that the greatest popularity was won by "How to Control Wild Oats and Canada Thistle," in second place was "Weed Control" and "Floor Prices for Farm Products" made third place. At the other end we find 21st place going to "Beekeeping," 22nd to "Farmstead Orchard and Garden," 23rd to "Dairy Cattle Improvement" and 24th to "Efficient Poultry Production." Perhaps if the questionnaires had been completed by farm wives, the subjects might have been ranked differently.

Since we have devoted so much attention to weeds during the past five years, it is gratifying to learn that the group of farmers, at least, attaches first importance to weed problems. Unfortunately, since so little money has been expended on weed research and experimentation in Canada, the required information is too often not available.

(Take strange weeds to the nearest Lutz Elevator agent. He will send them to us for identification.)

## DOENITZ DISMISSES VON RIBBENTROP



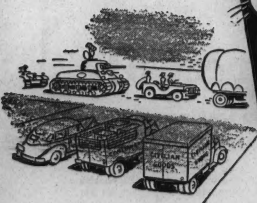
Grand Admiral Karl Doenitz (lower), who announced himself as the new leader of Germany, in one of his first acts dismissed Foreign Minister Joachim von Ribbentrop (top) and replaced him with Count Lutz Schwerin von Krosigk, a former finance minister.

**BE PATIENT!**  
SOME GOODS ARE STILL SCARCE...

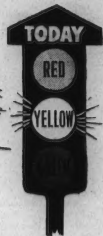
# DON'T CONFUSE THE SIGNALS



War came. Most civilian goods had to be diverted to war needs. That caused shortages of civilian goods—that was the **RED LIGHT**



don't jump the **YELLOW** light

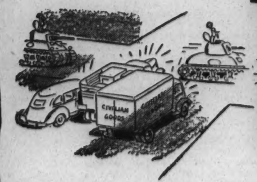


Some restrictions have been lifted, but war demands are still great. We must help our Allies and the liberated countries. We can't neglect them.

(This is the **YELLOW LIGHT ONLY**).

It does not mean the end of shortages. Getting back to peacetime production will be piecemeal and gradual.

Goodwill, patience and energy now will assure a prosperous Canada tomorrow.



it's **NOT** the green light yet



Only after Victory over Japan can the Green Light be switched on, and the road cleared for enough production to meet all our civilian needs.

THE WARTIME PRICES AND TRADE BOARD

## Liquor May Defeat The Peace Public Mass Meeting

Friday June 1st.

United Church, Olds

Commencing at 2.00 p.m.

AUSPICES OF

Associated Temperance Forces of Alberta  
Address by—BEN H. SPENCE, Acting Secretary.

Music By

**Eureka Jubilee Singers**

"The finest in America that I have heard."—Lovell Thomas.

Everybody Welcome

Unite To Safeguard Canada's Future.

## MONSTER

# ! BINGO !

Sponsored By

Baron Tweedsmuir Chapter I.O.D.E.

Saturday June 2nd,

ELKS HALL at 9.00 o'clock

Tickets 50c Entitles Holder to 10 Games.

**Excellent Prizes**

Prizes for 3 Special Games  
—And Mystery Prize for Lucky Ticket—



## CHIEF ENGINEER

J. L. Charles Appointed To Important Post On Canadian National Railways



J. L. Charles, principal assistant engineer, has been appointed chief engineer, western region, Canadian National Railways, according to an official announcement by Walter C. Owens, general manager for the company. Mr. Charles succeeds J. W. Porter, who retired April 30th after more than 50 years of railway life.

Mr. Charles, who is also well known in military engineering circles, started railroading in 1910 as roadman with the Grand Trunk Pacific in the mountain division. He served a short time with the Hudson Bay Railway and enlisted in 1915. He served overseas with the Canadian Railway Troops, returning to Canada with the rank of Major. Mr. Charles was awarded the D.S.O. and was twice mentioned in dispatches.

In 1919, Mr. Charles returned to the company in charge of branch lines and, in 1923, served as terminal engineer on construction at Nesbitt, Yards, Fort William. In 1927, he returned to the Hudson Bay Railway. In a short time he was back as supervising engineer on location for the West and remained at that work until he was called into military service by the Royal Canadian Engineers in the present world war.

He served as officer commanding, 20th Field Company on the Pacific Coast and was later seconded for special duty with the United States Forces.

Mr. Charles was released from military service in 1943, to return to the Canadian National Railways in connection with railway facilities serving the Sheep Rock mine at Alkaskan and the new ore dock at Port Arthur.

Mr. Charles will make his headquarters in Winnipeg.

## Best Dig It Up

How To Get Rid Of The Dandelion On Your Lawn

There are many ways to deal with the dandelion. One is to run the lawn mower over it and clip it with the rest of the grass. One is to hoe it with a sharp knife. Another way is to get down and pull it out by the roots. Still another method of removing the weeds is to pull it out and then pour the juice from an old car battery into the hole to make sure the roots are killed completely.

Then, of course, there is the gardener who sees some beauty in a bouquet of dandelions. He just lets his grow and become luxuriant. He may kid himself into thinking the dandelions are beautiful, but the neighbors will have their own ideas about that.—Windsor Star.

## PLENTY OF SHELLS

An army cook had just whipped up orders of scrambled eggs for a hungry mob of soldiers. Wearing by his herculean efforts, he sat down under a nearby elm tree, lit his pipe and wrote a note to his sweetheart. "Darling," he began, "For the past three hours shells have been bursting all around me."—Imperial Life Guard.

## AGAINST REGULATIONS

Use of postage stamps in payment of accounts or for orders is a violation of statutory regulations of the Canadian postal service, according to a post office announcement. For the convenience and protection of the patron, post office money orders, postal notes and postal note scrip are available for such remittances at a minimum cost.

## MUSCOLINI'S MOTTO

"Better to live a day as a lion than 100 years as a sheep." That was the motto of Benito Mussolini, which he ordered inscribed on Italy's twenty lire coin. And for nearly 20 years he emulated a lion. He was supreme, truly "Il Duce," the leader. The ancient royal House of Savoy was a figurehead, the son of a blacksmith was Italy.

A device with a weight only one-thousandth that of a drop of water is used to measure heat of the stars.

## Lessons Of The War

We Must Profit Lest Darkness Cover The Earth

A few weeks ago Prime Minister Churchill, viewing the sites of the German weapons that were to have destroyed Britain, remarked, with rather less than his usual measure of confidence, "We are just in time."

There is nothing of exaggeration in this statement. A few weeks more and London might have been a memory, and all England with it. For even courage has its limitations. Sometimes it can only teach people how to die.

The story can now be pieced together. It begins with the feverish preparations of German scientists to produce a weapon that could reach from Europe to America.

But for a few factors that Germany could neither determine nor foresee, who can say that it could not have been done? First, the heroic defense of Britain and the defeat of the Luftwaffe. And, second, the V-2 campaign of desperation, Prime Minister Churchill revealed that 1,000 of these missiles had fallen in England, mostly in and near London, since Sept. 8 when the first one arrived. Up to March 27, when the last attack occurred, 2,754 Britons had been killed and 6,523 injured by the "flying telegraph poles".

That day alone may have cost Germany the war, for it cost her many of her first-flight scientists. Even so, the V-2 was ready when D-Day dawned on the world. All that was needed was to make the world defenseless before them. It was as he toured the sites of the almost-ready batteries that were to achieve that end that Churchill said, "We are just in time." Long-range guns buried beneath the earth were to blanket England with six-inch shells, ten to the minute, disrupting her security services so that the V-1 and V-2 might complete the destruction.

That is an old story now. It has lost its fabulous, fairy-tale quality. We know that it is possible. All that Germany needed to win, was time. She moved a little too fast for her technicians to keep pace. She underestimated the quality of her foes. These were her failures. The one lesson she will undoubtedly learn is to be prepared—next time—against any eventuality. That lesson we of the peaceful nations will find it hard to learn. We are too anxious to believe in a Germany that has been made repentant, too eager to beat our own swords into plowshares, as we did a generation ago. That road leads to the twilight of our world.

There is a mounting ferocity in war that we cannot gain. It is partially an improved technique in mass killing. It is partially a change in our own thinking. It is many months since we made the claim that military objectives are our only targets. Britain and America alike have learned a new ruthlessness. Saturation bombing was not a German method. It was our own, a technique of destruction of which Germany only dreamed.

So we match wits for survival. Are we, then, to become a people always on the edge of fear? Are we to see in our soaring cities only a temptation to violence? Must we live in underground? Are we to subordinate our humanities to the all-important struggle for survival? There may be no atheists in foxholes, but there are no impersonal altruists either. The old pseudo-idealism of rules of war go by the board when armies are numbered not in hundreds but in millions. This time peace must be secure. We must see either that war-loving nations like Germany and Japan are robbed of any possible power to make war, or we must prepare ourselves to accept the logical and inevitable alternative—recurring wars fought with an ever-increasing ferocity, ever-decreasing humanity, until the quality that was in us becomes the quality of the Nazi beast, and darkness covers our earth.—From Liberty Magazine.

## SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

A new branch of applied science, called tropicalization, undertakes to prevent failure of military equipment due to moisture and fungus growth. The science has developed from laboratory research and field investigations resulting from experience in certain regions such as Florida, the Gulf of Mexico and the Pacific coast.

## CHOSE MEDICINE

When Princess Juliana of Holland flew to England recently, her clothes which were packed, weighed almost 200 pounds. Then she learned that she could take 195 pounds of a formula for injection into the undernourished children of Holland who are so weakened that they cannot retain food. Juliana made her decision. She left her belongings and took the medicine instead.

Gyptal, originally developed as an insulation material, has been adapted as a priming coat in automobile painting.



CHURCHILL LIFTS VEIL ON V-2 DAMAGE—This area of devastation was caused by a single V-2 rocket bomb that struck London's Stratford St. In lifting the veil of security secrecy which has hidden details of Hitler's V-2 campaign of desperation, Prime Minister Churchill revealed that 1,000 of these missiles had fallen in England, mostly in and near London, since Sept. 8 when the first one arrived. Up to March 27, when the last attack occurred, 2,754 Britons had been killed and 6,523 injured by the "flying telegraph poles".

## Not The First Time

Armies Of Russia Occupied Berlin 185 Years Ago

Russian troops in Berlin will recall that 185 years ago other Russian forces under General Tollbush occupied that city in the course of the Seven Years' War.

In one sense history is repeating itself, for Frederick the Great, who Hitler in some respects took as his model, was then the King of Prussia. But no more than Frederick's well trained forces, have Hitler's massive armies been able to keep the Russians out.

That was in the struggles of the Seven Years' War and though the line-up of the nations was rather different, it was in its own way something of a world struggle, with battles fought in North America and in India as well as in Europe. In that war Britain, as a rival of France, was an ally of Frederick. Today Britain, France and Russia, along with the United States, which had not then come into existence, united in opposing the inheritors of Frederick's tradition. When the Seven Years' War was over Russian troops were no longer in Berlin. Prussia was exhausted but it still held its territories and was able to take its place as the equal of Austria among the German states. Now German power has been completely shattered and Russian and other Allied troops will be seen in Berlin for many a long day.—Sault Daily Star.

## Could Not Understand

Small Children Bewildered When Lights Came On Moscow

There was great jubilation on Moscow streets when the black-out was abolished. The city was festive with red posters, portraits and streamers illuminated by electric bulbs. The big X letters on the entrances to subway sprang back into life and the stars over the Kremlin towers and on its gates started shining again.

Small children asked in surprise, "Why such light? Will this happen always now? And what for?" They had never seen the city without a blackout.

In 14th century Europe, a salve of pepper mixed with butter was considered good for the skin.

## The City Of London

Maintains Proud Position As Centre Of Progress And Civilization

The tale of the City of London under bombardment from the air has been told at last.

This little area of a mere 460 acres (the actual built-up area) is the pulse of the universe, the business headquarters of world trade and commerce. Though it suffered terribly, it is alive and active still. Nothing can, or ever will, defeat it.

The story of events between 1940 and February, 1944, is a grim one. No less than one-third of the City's buildings were destroyed. The streets measured 715 times and the alerts, sounded in time, amounted to nine weeks. A total of 418 high explosive bombs, 13 parachute mines, 2,498 oil bombs, and many thousands of incendiary bombs were dropped in the city area.

Forty churches and 20 Livy Companies' halls were destroyed or damaged. Other buildings affected were the Tower of London, the 15th-century Guildhall, the Bank of England, the General Post Office, two railway termini. Oddly enough, St. Paul's Cathedral was only slightly damaged. The casualties, happily, were not heavy.

All who love England are proud of its capital City. When it scars have healed and new building arise, it will be a strange mixture of the old and the new. But the grand old traditions will live on, and the City of London will maintain its proud position as a world centre of progress and civilization.—Children's Newspaper.

## HAD THEM FLUSTERED

The traditional aplomb of three "bobbies" was disturbed by the first appearance on the bench of Miss Sybil Campbell, London's only woman magistrate. One flustered arresting officer called her "me lady", another addressed the new magistrate as "lady worship" and the third policeman called her "sir" twice.

## OPENS MUSEUM

King Farouk opened the doors of the Egyptian museum in Cairo containing fabulous treasures of the ancient Pharaohs which had been dispersed and hidden since the war began in Europe.

## Will Pay Bonus

Paid On Clean Wool Marketed In Saskatchewan

Bonus of four cents per pound will be paid on clean wool marketed by Saskatchewan producers from the 1945 clip. It has been announced by Agriculture Minister L. F. McIntosh. The bonus payment is being shared equally by the provincial department of agriculture and the agricultural supplies board of the federal department of agriculture.

To qualify for the bonus, wool must be in good condition and conform to certain specifications. Provided it is delivered in accordance with certain regulations, the bonus will be paid on all standard grades of Canadian unwashed fleece wool, with the exception of reject and defective grades. Wool must be dry and in good condition, must be free of seeds, chaff, burrs, etc., with each fleece folded and tied separately.

Bonus will not be paid on wool in generally poor condition or requiring special care or work in preparing it for market, and from which rejects have not been separated by the grower.

## Hard To Handle

When Bees Go On Rampage They Are Like Cattle

Bees are like cattle, and the swarm which is reported to have taken possession of the little church at Rand, in Lincolnshire, compelling the rector to hold the service in the church, showed all the obstinacy of their clan. They descended in a cloud from their nest in the roof, and defied all efforts to dislodge them from the pews, floor and windows.

I once saw an auction sale brought to an abrupt conclusion by a swarm of bees. Among the lots offered for sale was a bee hive, complete with inmates, and the trouble began when some careless spectator knocked it over. The bees rose into the air in an angry black swarm, and made, literally, a bee-line for the auctioneer, putting him to ignominious flight.—Leeds Yorkshire Post.

One of the world's largest institutions of learning is El Azhar university, Cairo, Egypt. It has 21,000 students.

## BATTLE AGAINST HUNGER IN EUROPE

A Bleak Picture Of Starvation That Is Facing The People

The people of the Western Allied Nations were told bluntly at Washington that they face a new battle, against hunger on which the future peace of the world may well depend. A bleak picture of the starvation facing Europe and the lesser far-awaits of this nation was coupled with an appeal for more production and a united front on the new world economic crisis that has arisen with the end of the European war.

Here are the developments that brought out the full nature of the seriousness of the world food situation:

1. United Kingdom, Canadian and American food officials, who have been conferring at Washington on joint problems, declared in a statement that United Nations requirements are higher this year and supplies lower than they have been before and that the problem will extend into 1946.

The officials said, "either the United Nations must find the answers or millions of people throughout the world will meet disillusionment and disappointment in the wake of victory."

2. Judge Samuel I. Roseman of New York, who made a tour of liberated areas of northwest Europe at the direction of the late President Roosevelt, told President Truman that the economic problems of those areas are "extremely serious."

He urged a widespread campaign to acquaint the public with the gravity of the situation and the need for reduced food rations to meet "responsibilities."

3. Sen. Burton K. Wheeler of Montana, a member of the Senate Committee investigating the food situation in the United States, said he had been told matters in Europe are so desperate that 1,500,000 persons may starve to death this year. He said the food situation here will grow worse before it gets better.

4. Chairman Leo T. Crowley of the U.S. Committee on foreign shipments reported that American civilians will get less food this year than they did last, but predicted that "decent American diet" will be maintained. He said military requirements would go up from 13 to 16 per cent. of total supplies, and U.S. food production would be five to 10 per cent. less than last year.

5. Three government agencies announced a one-third cut in U.S. civilian sugar allotments.

6. Means be provided for assuring maximum food production in liberated areas and for using any surpluses from eastern European areas liberated by Russian armies.

## When Dawn Breaks

Noises In Swiss Alps Are Very Alarming To Travelers

A traveller in the Swiss Alps spent the night with his guide in a chalet well up in the mountains. In the early hours of the morning he was awakened by terrific crashings and rumblings. Frightened, he aroused his guide and asked, "What is happening? Is the world coming to an end?"

Calmly the guide answered: "No, you see, when the sun starts coming up on the other side of the mountain, its rays touch the snow at the peak, causing it to hurtle down into the valley. Then the warning rays play upon the surface of the glacier and cause the ice to crack with loud reports. This is what you hear. It is not the end of the world; it is only the dawn of a new day!"

## THE BIGGEST THIEF

The Brandon Sun says: Goering is the biggest thief produced by the Nazi regime. Karinhall and his other eleven estates bulge with stolen jewels and art treasures. Goering possesses a fantastic collection of diamonds, pearls and gems. He also has substantial amounts of cash salted away in Sweden and Switzerland. In 1942 his fortune abroad was estimated at \$8,000,000, but part of this wealth was hidden in countries of the Western Hemisphere and has been seized.

## GOING INTO BOMBS

Dealers in Toronto said the shortage of glossy paints and varnishes can be attributed to United States fire-bomb attacks on Japan. The bombs are taking most of the resins and lacquers that normally go into indoor paints and varnishes.

Failure to paint the edges of window screens which do not show when the screen goes up in the spring can be a costly error. Lack of paint on the uneven edges allows the sun to penetrate the wood, with resulting rotting and warping.



DEATH HAS NO TERRORS FOR THIS LITTLE BOY—This little boy has seen so much death in his brief span of life that it is as commonplace to him as laughter is to the normal Canadian youngster. He is walking past rows of dead that lie beneath the trees at Belsen concentration camp captured by the British. Thousands died here after unspeakable cruelties at the hands of the Nazis.

WORLD HAPPENINGS  
BRIEFLY TOLD

The Ottawa Journal said that the University of Ottawa will establish a faculty of medicine at the opening of the new fall term.

Canadian Indians have decided acceptance of \$3,500,000 in family allowance grants will not prejudice their constitutional rights.

British craftsmen now are turning out the finest lenses in the world. Even Hollywood is buying them for use in studio cameras.

A reversible window which can be swung inside out for cleaning has been invented by John Parsons, 60-year-old church furnisher of Coventry, Eng.

The French city of Le Havre, thought to be destroyed by the Nazis before their surrender, now is handling more tonnage than before the war.

Northern Ireland estimates her contribution to the United Kingdom exchequer this year will be \$35,000,000 (\$157,000,000)—\$3,200,000 more than in 1943-44.

Wheat production in 1944 for 45 nations representing the bulk of world wheat production is estimated at 3,850 million bushels, about three per cent above 1943.

There is a British project to construct a new canal to link the Mediterranean and the Red Sea by way of the Dead Sea. This would raise the Dead Sea 1,000 feet.

The London Daily Telegraph suggested that Regent street—one of London's main west end thoroughfares—be renamed Roosevelt street in memory of President Roosevelt, "a truly great man."

## Synthetic Rubber

Expect That It Will In Time Be As Good As The Natural Product

So many fantastic stories have been circulated about the probable future of synthetic rubber, it is pleasing to get from Mr. Ellwood F. Riesing of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, a reliable estimate of its possibilities. It should be obvious that this substance is here to stay, and the chief question in everyone's mind is as to whether it can ever take the place entirely of the natural product.

As Mr. Riesing points out, this will depend on the uses to which we wish to put it. For some purposes it is actually superior to rubber. For others, it does not measure up so well. Science, however, has made such great strides in a remarkably short time, it is reasonable to expect that whatever defects now exist will eventually be eliminated. We can count on the synthetic product, in time, surpassing its predecessor in usefulness.

This is a way man-made things have. Once circumstances compel scientists to go out and seek a substitute for an essential material, they usually end up with something better than the original. This does not mean that man is superior to Nature. It simply shows that he is capable of learning Nature's lessons well—Windsor Star.

## NEW PLASTIC THREAD

A new plastic for use as a stitching material for surgical use threads, shoe soles, or waterproof coating has been developed by the University of Illinois through a new method whereby tendons of beef are converted into plastic.

## LIFE'S LIKE THAT

By Fred Neher



"Are you sure you need a loaf of bread, man... the government said to cut out all unnecessary travelling."

2020



**TRANSFORMED LUNCH ROOM**—Gleaming chromium and bright new woodwork, added to a new paint job throughout, have transformed the Brandon lunch room and news stand of the Canadian Pacific Railway into a thing of beauty and efficiency. The lunch room was renovated along with others at Medicine Hat, Swift Current and Broadview as part of the C.P.R.'s widespread programme of station improvements. Similar alterations are under plan for Fort William. Station restaurants are busier than ever during war days, and new equipment enables staffs to serve travellers more speedily and efficiently.

## Many Ships

Fast Passenger Vessels Lost During The War

To see an enormous vessel like the Queen Mary sail proudly up Southampton Water or into New York harbor is a thrilling sight—even though monsters of 40,000 tons and over lack the grace of their smaller sisters.

The liner of about 20,000 tons is perhaps the best.

It is large enough to be impressive and small enough to be beautiful. The old White Star liners of the Baltic class with their four masts and two funnels were among the most beautiful steamships ever to sail the seas.

It is among vessels of this tonnage that the losses have been so heavy. The Caledonia and Transylvania of the Anchor Line, the Viceroy of India and the Rawalpindi of the P. and O., Vandyck and Voltaire of Lamport and Holt, Orensey and Oreades of the Orient Line, Warwick Castle and Windsor Castle of the Union-Castle Line.

So the list lengthens—and this is but a very small selection.

One company has lost 31 out of 32 line ships; another, operating eight fast passenger and cargo vessels before the war, has lost every one—London Daily Mail.

## MAY START HIGHWAY

If costs are at all reasonable, the British Columbia Government is determined to make a start on the Pine Pass highway link to the British Columbia Peace River block this summer. Hon. Herbert Anscomb, Minister of Public Works, announces. The job is expected to cost in the neighborhood of \$6,000,000.

## GERMAN COMPOSER

Richard Strauss, now 81 and still fairly vigorous, is still composing and still hoping that with the war's end his later major works will get a wider hearing. He is living at Garmisch, Germany, with his family and working on "Capriccio," a one-act opera.

## Hearts Of Oak

Oaks From Surrey-Sussex Forests Used To Repair Historical Building

Some highly sentimental suggestions have come from the least likely quarters on the subject of repairing the Houses of Parliament with oak from particular constituencies. The proposals are not feasible but a delightful example of the idea has been illustrated in Westminster Hall.

When many of the timbers were condemned owing to ravages of the death-watch beetle, new oak was supplied from the same Surrey-Sussex forest from which the original beams had come a many hundred years earlier. It was reckoned—I think by Sir George Courthope, the owner of the woodlands—that the trees cut down for the repairs could have just remembered the felling of their ancestors!

What a pretty example of the continuity of English history. Not only our men and our ships are "hearts of oak," and the oaks of central England, notably by Stratford-on-Avon, are as well placed as those by Bucklers Hard, which provided some of the most famous of our "wooden walls."—London Spectator.

Mohammedans first used coffee to keep awake during long religious ceremonies.

## A Big Problem

Finding Places For Thousands Of Canada's Crack Airmen

End of the bombing offensive in Europe threw thousands of veteran Canadian airmen out of work and put one of the crack heavy-bomber groups of this theatre in line for a new task—or possible dissolution.

The future of the group's fliers and ground crews, plus that of tens of thousands of Canadians in the R.A.F., thus shortly is expected to become an immediate question for the Allied Air Command to answer.

It has been reported that the air police force in Europe will be an international body, but the role to be played by Canadians is not likely to be a large one, and a major part of the force is expected to be made up of the lighter type of aircraft—fighters and fighter-bombers.

Whatever happens to these famous outfits—the Alouette, Moose, Good Bison, Lion are a few of their names—it's a matter of record that they're put up a terrific performance and will be talked of whenever strategists discuss the way in which air power helped win the Second Great War.

Normally in medieval drama all parts were taken by men, though in France there are records of women on the stage prior to 1550.

## THIS CURIOUS WORLD

By William Ferguson



**INSECTS**  
EAT ABOUT  
TEN PERCENT  
OF ALL THE  
CROPS PRODUCED  
IN THE  
UNITED STATES.

**KWIZ KÖTZER**  
WHEN HORSES FIRST APPEARED  
ON EARTH, WHY DIDN'T MAN  
DOMESTICATE THEM IMMEDIATELY?

**THE ODDS**  
AGAINST WINNING BORN  
IN THE U.S. ARE ABOUT  
EIGHTY-FIVE TO ONE!

**ANSWER:** Horses were no larger than a small dog, and there were no men to domesticate them.

## REG'AR FELLERS—Heavy Duty



## Important Seaport

Hamburg Was One Of Great Water Terminals In Europe

W. L. Clark, in the Windsor Star, says: Hamburg, the great seaport of Germany, is a sprawling city, which has its streets running along the edges of inlets from the sea. The main harbor is a huge expanse of docks and warehouses. The city is an intricate pattern of rivers and water routes.

Hamburg is a city where a motorist can get lost in no time. Short streets that run smack into a river or canal make driving confusing. We recall once getting so lost in the maze of Hamburg streets, we finally had to get a native with a bicycle to ride in front to guide us to our destination. And, even that was not so easy, because he forgot that a car cannot always be driven through narrow passages that present no difficulty for the cyclist.

Hamburg has been one of the important water terminals in Europe. Ocean traffic from the world ports arrives at Hamburg, while river and canal traffic connects with the intricate systems of inland waterways that extend through Germany.

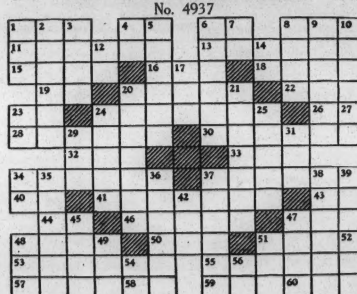
## Paper Making

Chinese Were The First To Discover A Practical Method

Farm woodlots contribute their quota of the pulp for the manufacture of newspaper. In Canada the manufacture of paper began early in the last century, the first mill being installed at St. Andrews, near Lake Huron, in Lower Canada in 1803. The Chinese were the first to discover a practical method of paper making by the weaving of fibres. The Arabs of Samarkand acquired the art from the Chinese and were followed by the Persians. The Moors introduced paper making into Europe in the 12th century through Spain, as they did agriculture after that art had been lost and forgotten during the dark ages. From Spain, paper making spread to Italy, France, the Netherlands, and Germany. It was begun in England in 1492 but apparently died until re-introduced 100 years later. However, it did not become firmly established until the end of the 17th century.

Buy War Savings Stamps regularly.

## X-X OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE X-X



**HORIZONTAL**

- 1 Skillful language
- 4 To exist
- 5 To exist
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- 57 To exist

**VERTICAL**

- 1 Swedish territorial division
- 2 To scan
- 3 To stumble
- 4 Prefx: two to success
- 5 Author of "Jane Eyre"
- 6 Archipelago
- 7 Every
- 8 Cord
- 9 To observe
- 10 To observe
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**ANSWER TO**

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## BY GENE BYRNES





THIS CERTAINLY IS  
WONDERFUL  
BREAD!

ROYAL IS CERTAINLY  
WONDERFUL  
YEAST!

ROYAL  
YEAST  
CAKES

Just 2¢ a day  
ensures sweet,  
tasty bread

WRAPPED AIRTIGHT  
TO PROTECT STRENGTH.  
PURE, DEPENDABLE!

OUR COMPLETE  
SHORT STORY—  
**HARD LUCK**  
—By—  
HELEN THOMPSON  
McClure Newspaper Syndicate

The shop was dark except for the light over the door. Lecovitch always kept his blinds drawn, kept out the heat. If his hands pruned, he couldn't get the right grip on a pearl.

We'd been watching Lecovitch for three hours. Nobody had said six words after I handed him the shell. How we prayed that she'd come without breaking under the skinning knife! If this was our break, we'd get the old boat fixed up and still have plenty left for clothes and cats for the winter. Even a little one could do that for you if you were clear.

But we lost. Lecovitch threw his knife on the bench and shook his head. I didn't realize how tense I was until I got up. My jaws ached from the way I'd had them clenched. Ted was shaking as if he had malaria chills. He lost eleven pounds in those three hours. Nobody but a pearl man will believe that.

We stumbled out of the shop into the strong sunlight and ducked over to the old boat wharf across Front Street. "There's Jim," I groaned, nudging Ted who was lying face down with his head on his arms. "But I guess he can't make use of any worse, no matter what he says."

"I'd be glad he has the best fishing lugger on the bay if he'd only quit bragging," Ted muttered. "You'd think that after all these years he might want to divide his good luck with the rest of us."

Jim leaned out over the railing of the trim, newly-painted Luella. "Well, well, well! If it ain't our big pearl fisher!" he jeered with that big laugh of his. "Come up on here on the best little boat on the bay and have some supper. Guess guys like you don't get a good meal very often!"

Ted and I trudged up the gang-plank. We were thirsty and dirty and nearly broken-hearted from disappointment. I guess we thought we'd been suckers and halfway deserved

## RECTAL SORENESS AND PILE TORTURE QUICKLY RELIEVED

If you are troubled with itching piles or rectal soreness, do not delay treatment and make the risk of chronic hemorrhoids chronic. Any itching or soreness or painful passage of stool is a warning of rectal trouble and proper treatment should be secured at once. For this purpose get a package of Hemorrhoid Cream. It is used internally and externally. It is a powerful, yet gentle, remedy. It is a small, easy to use tablet, which quickly relieves the itching. It is a powerful, yet gentle, remedy. It is a small, easy to use tablet, which quickly relieves the itching. It is a powerful, yet gentle, remedy. It is a small, easy to use tablet, which quickly relieves the itching.

the taunting Jim was preparing to give us.

Jim dusted off a stool so he wouldn't get his new white pants dirty. "Everybody in this business knows it's the oysters that bring in the money," he began, filling his pipe without troubling himself to offer us a smoke. "But some folks still keep chasing people like I do, doing my darndest to get the people around here to see that it's smarter to take back plenty of oysters than to spend a half hour on each shell hunting for a little pearl that ain't there."

There was a pull on the deck wire and one of the divers sent up a big basket full of oysters.

"Here's a nice looking load," said Jim, holding it up for us to see. "There's real money there and it don't take a shell opener and a pearl skinner to find it!"

"We sure had a nice looking pearl this noon," Ted cut in gloomily. "She looked just like the Cleopatra," I added. "And the Cleopatra weighed ten grains and sold for \$38,000. I know, because the fellow who got her used to tie up right alongside of us."

Jim smiled in a condescending way. "And last night somebody found one that weighed almost forty grains. She looked fine at the start and everybody guessed she'd bring about \$75,000. But she broke during the skinning," he said, shaking his empty pipe at us.

"Our didn't break up," Ted growled. "But Lecovitch had to take off so many skins hunting for the perfect one that there wasn't anything left when he finished."

Jim looked at his big watch, then hit the deck bell twice. A Filipino came running upstairs. "Crack these and throw them in the pot for supper," Jim ordered, handing over half a basket of shells. Then he started laughing as if he'd just remembered a good joke. "These men here are crazy about oysters. I know they'll enjoy a little stew this evening."

Ted and I just looked at each other. We couldn't answer him, either of us. Jim slapped me on the back. "Well, I'll tell you boys that I could use a little money for new nets right now," he explained, as if it were a big favor for him to take a couple of wharf bums like us into his confidence. "But I'm hauling oysters to make my money. Anybody'll tell you that there isn't much about this business that I don't know. I guess I'm the only man on this part of the coast who knows how to see to it that his luck's always good!"

Ted and I were well-rehearsed when the supper gong sounded below deck. As soon as we were at the table, the Filipino served big soup plates full of stew.

"I guess this is your dish all right," Jim said, pulling his plate toward him. "Oysters have been keeping you two in a stew for a long time!" He laughed that big belly of his that wears my nerves raw.

After a few seconds Ted and I noticed that Jim was quiet. We both looked up to see why. There he was, jabbing at one of the oysters before him. I'll never forget the look on his face. When the pearl rolled out, we saw that it was a whopper—must've weighed forty grains. But it was blistered and dull, ruined from the cooking.

## SELECTED RECIPES

### SALISBURY LOAF

- 2 eggs, slightly beaten
- 1 cup milk
- 2 teaspoons salt
- 1/2 teaspoon pepper
- 1 teaspoon Worcestershire sauce
- 1/2 cup chopped parsley
- 1 tablespoon chopped onion
- 1/2 pound ground pork or sausage
- 4 cups corn flakes

- 8 medium potatoes
- 3 tablespoons melted fat
- 1/2 teaspoon salt
- 1/2 teaspoon paprika
- Combine eggs, milk, salt, pepper, Worcestershire sauce, parsley, onion, ground meat and crushed corn flakes. Mix thoroughly. Form into loaf, about 2 inches high, on greased heat-proof plate or pan. Yield: 8 servings.

### PEANUT BUTTER REFRIGERATOR COOKIES

- 1/2 cup peanut butter
- 1 cup butter
- 2 cups light brown sugar
- 1 egg
- 2 cups oven-popped rice cereal
- 3 cups sifted flour
- 2 teaspoons baking powder

Blend together peanut butter and butter, add sugar gradually and beat until light and fluffy. Add egg and beat well. Stir in rice cereal, flour with baking powder and work into firm mixture, a small amount at a time. Knead and shape into rolls about 1 1/2 inches in diameter; wrap in waxed paper, covering ends so that dough will not dry out. Store in refrigerator until firm. Cut into thin slices and bake on ungreased pan in 425 deg. F. about 10 minutes.

Yield: 7 1/2 dozen cookies (12 inches in diameter). Note: One tablespoon water or milk may be added to dough if it is difficult to shape into rolls.

Buy War Savings Stamps regularly.

HERE'S MY FEED PROBLEM

How can I get better results from feeding baby pigs?

HERE'S THE ANSWER

The cost of a hog starter feed should be measured by the growth and health it gives baby pigs. With "Miracle" Hog Starter you will find your litters grow faster and become strong and healthy because "Miracle" Hog Starter is scientifically tested for exact balanced food value.

ASK FOR  
"MIRACLE" FEEDS

No Longer A Pest

Australia At Last May Make Money Out Of Rabbits

War has brought about the glorification of Australia's national pest—the rabbit. A month ago the Indian Government was asking for Australian rabbits to be bred for food for the Indian settlers.

Now New Zealand's Internal Affairs Minister Parry announces that Australia is releasing 192,000 rabbit traps to enable New Zealand to continue export of frozen rabbit meat to Britain.

Early settlers brought rabbits to Australia from England. Australia has spent millions of dollars trying to get rid of them. They have been hunted with guns, traps, poison baits, ferrets and gas. A trans-continental, supposedly rabbit-proof fence was built from north to south in Western Australia years ago. But still the rabbit increased.

Today Australia is almost recaptured to the pest. The animals are entirely free of disease. Rabbit meat is coupon free and even the more select restaurants are now serving rabbit. Export of pelts to the United States is increasing.

## HOMING PIGEONS

Tests by British and American Army scientists have convinced them that it is a "little tickle" in the ear of a homing pigeon which makes it fly home over long distances—but they don't know what causes the tickle.

Before repainting over glossy enamel, it is as well to rub down the glossy surface with steel wool to remove the sheen and provide a better holding surface for the new coat of paint or enamel.

MACDONALD'S  
BRIER  
Canada's Standard Smoke



CHRISTEN U.S.S. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT—A general view during the launching and christening ceremonies of the navy's newest aircraft carrier, the U.S.S. Franklin D. Roosevelt. The sponsoring party may be seen on the flag-bedecked stand at the bow while other spectators line the rim of the drydock. The 45,000-ton giant, originally scheduled to be named the U.S.S. Coral Sea, was sponsored by Mrs. John H. Towers of Coronado Calif., wife of Vice-Admiral Towers.

## Research Worker

Dr. Watson, Whose Death Was Announced Recently, Was A Renowned Veterinarian

By the recent death in Victoria, B.C. of Dr. E. A. Watson, formerly Dominion Animal Pathologist, Canada loses an illustrious research worker in veterinary science. Dr. Watson was born in Devon, England, in 1879 and came to Canada in 1896, taking up a position in company with his brother at Eastend, Saskatchewan. When the South African war broke out, he joined the Canadian army and while serving in South Africa first became interested in veterinary science. Towards the close of the war, he was appointed assistant in the laboratory near Pretoria, set up by the British Government under Dr. Arnold Theiler, formerly in the service of the Transvaal Republic.

Returning to Canada, Dr. Watson entered the Ontario Veterinary College and graduated in 1904. After practicing his profession in Virginia for a few months, he was appointed assistant pathologist at the Biological Laboratory in Ottawa. The following year Dr. Watson was placed in charge of the Branch Laboratory at Lethbridge, Alberta. There he commenced his studies of dourine, and for the first time in North America demonstrated the causative agent of the disease on which later he became a world authority.

During the first world war, he was appointed veterinary officer attached to a Western unit of the Canadian army in 1915 and when the British Government established a Veterinary Bacteriological Laboratory in France, he was called upon to take charge of it. Shortly after his return to Canada following the end of World War I he was appointed Chief of the Pathological Division, Dominion Department of Agriculture, a position he held until his retirement through ill-health in 1942. Owing to his persistent agitation for better facilities for veterinary research in Canada, the Animal Diseases Research Institute was established in Hull, Que., and remains a fitting memorial to his great work in veterinary science. After his retirement, he went to live in Victoria, B.C., where he died on March 12, 1945.

## Returned Men

Rehabilitation Work Just Needs Some Common Sense

There is no reason to treat every veteran as a difficult problem child, it is stated in a report issued by the committee on rehabilitation of the Health League of Canada.

"It is a fact that the majority of returned servicemen—especially those back from combat service—are proving themselves to be energetic and conscientious at work," the report says. "They have well-balanced personalities. They are resilient. They are adjusting themselves quickly to civilian life, and management is discovering that they have high standards of loyalty and teamwork. Actually, in many cases, these veterans will be able to teach management a lot about such matters as co-operation."

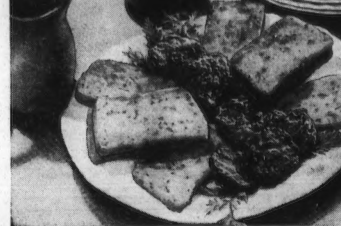
In the cases of the "few" who need special handling, the report advises that "you do not have to be a psychiatrist to help them. They can be handled with common sense—good foremanship—good personnel work."

The report describes in detail the cases of a few men who found it difficult to settle down and tells how plant personnel aided them in properly adjusting themselves.

## Quality You'll Enjoy "SALATA" TEA

A PERFECT PAIR—You don't need Jack Spratt and Mrs. Spratt "to wipe the platter clean" if it holds cornmeal mush and fried sausages. Every last morsel will disappear, and very likely there'll be a call for a second helping. It's a perfect twosome for Sunday brunch or Saturday night supper or even for an ordinary work-a-day breakfast.

Cornmeal Mush And Fried Sausages



Cornmeal Mush—5 cups water, 1 1/2 teaspoons salt, 1 1/2 cups cornmeal, 1/2 cup bran. Method—Heat water and salt to boiling point. Add cornmeal slowly, stirring constantly and cook until thick. Add bran and mix thoroughly. Pack in greased loaf pan and let stand until cold. Cut in slices and fry in hot fat on both sides until crisp. Yield: 6 to 8 servings.

Hot Weather Plants

For the best results, cucumbers, squash and melons should be planted in specially prepared hills. These things like hot weather; are very much afraid of frost, and cold, wet feet. Seed or started plants can be used.

Hills are simply loose soil built up in mounds two or three feet across and about six inches high. Into these should be worked some well-rotted manure or black mulch. This keeps the soil open so that the soft, fibrous roots can penetrate easily and the darkish color of the mulk or well-rotted manure absorbs the heat of the sun which these plants love.

Experts advise planting about five seeds in holes about six inches apart and six to ten inches apart on the little mounds mentioned. Later when plants develop, in about two weeks time actually, thin to about three plants to each group. Keep weeds cleared away, watch out for bugs, and to encourage early fruiting nip off end of vines when first a dozen melons or a dozen or so squash or cucumbers are on the way. If the ground is very wet it is a good plan to put a little straw under the melons or squash to keep from rotting.

Sturdy Plants Best

When buying started plants don't choose the tallest box. If cabbage, tomatoes, petunias, zinnias or whatever one is buying are crowded together in the box or forced along too quickly in the greenhouse the plants are tall and spindly. When set out in permanent quarters they are not likely to do nearly as well as bushy, stocky chaps which have been grown more slowly and have been hardened off thoroughly from the greenhouse. The good nurseryman or seedsmen do not bring plants right out of the heated greenhouse and offer them for sale. First they will gradually adapt them to cooler and more rigorous outdoor temperatures by hardening plants in a cold frame.

Three Mistakes

Experts say that much garden trouble traces to three points of neglect—to deep planting, lack of staking and stopping cultivation too soon. All are important, none take much labor or time, but if any of them are overlooked full dividends from the garden are impossible.

Astronomers estimate that the temperature on Mars registers 50 degrees Fahrenheit at noon and drops to 40 below at midnight.

By ANNE ADAMS

A dirndl to ensnare Hils heart. Pattern 4653. A beginner can make it in an afternoon; sleeves and bodice are cut in one; drapery neckline; may have cap sleeves.

Pattern 4653 comes in sizes 12, 14, 16, 18, 20. Size 12 requires 3 yards 35-inch material.

Send twenty cents (20c) in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) for this pattern. Write plainly Size, Name, Address and Style Number and send orders to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man. "Because of the slowness of the mails delivery of our patterns may take a few days longer than usual."

TO STUDY RESOURCES

Early co-operative action by federal and provincial governments to complete a survey of Canadian natural resources was urged by Dr. R. C. Wallace, principal and vice-chancellor of Queen's University at Kingston, Ont.

A nylon rope one-half inch in diameter will support a load of three tons.

2630

## GARDEN NOTES

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FRIDAY, JUNE 1st, 1945

Government wartime restrictions  
on schedules and routes of bus  
operation in Canada have been lifted  
to meet growing demands for  
public transportation.

All restrictions over the use and  
distribution of penicillin in Canada  
have been removed. Three plants  
are now producing the drug in  
Canada.

## Hail Insurance

Protect your crop against loss by HAIL in a good  
reliable Company. In an area where the rate is 7%  
for a 25% deductible Policy, the actual cost to the  
insured is 10.71%. The rate for a 10% deductible  
Policy is 10.15%, the actual cost to the insured is 11  
and 2-3%. FOR INSTANCE—

100 acres insured for \$10.00 per acre—\$1000.00 at  
10½%—\$105.00 Premium, \$1000.00 less 10% (de-  
ductible) is \$900.00 actual coverage, divided into the  
Premium of \$105.00 equals 11 and 2-3%, actual cost  
to the insured.

See **A. W. Gordon**

GORDON AGENCIES Phone 7 Crossfield

## Stop!

Don't Waste  
Your Vote  
On Wild  
Promises

## Vote

LIBERAL  
Vote X For

CHARLES C.

## MATTHEWS

YOUR LIBERAL CANDIDATE



## CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR SALE—Cattle Pups, 3 months  
old Born heifers. \$10.00 each.  
BLASER BURNS,  
Box 101, Carstairs.  
14-17p

FOR SALE—A good Saddle Mare.  
17-up  
LORNE WEBER,  
Office Phone E2840. Res. Phone W3724

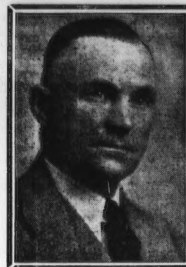
**Dr. S. H. McClelland**  
Veterinary Surgeon  
Calgary - Alberta  
322-324 Stockyards Building



As a farmer, you need tires with  
wide, deep treads that bite into  
the road—forward and backward.  
Tires that can pull you out of  
tough spots and keep you going.  
Everything you would expect in  
a tire, you get in Dominion Royal.  
We'll be glad to help you get  
your tire permit.

**W. J. WOOD**  
Expert Auto Repairs  
Phone 11 — Crossfield.

## WE STAND FOR...



**EQUALITY**  
for  
**AGRICULTURE**  
-- AND --

## OPPORTUNITY for LABOUR

Prosperity on the farm is reflected in better living  
conditions for ALL workers. This is a fact that has been  
proved by impartial surveys.

One survey undertaken in forty-eight states of the  
United States definitely showed that in periods of good  
prices for farm products, the average worker's cost of living  
was low in relation to his income. When, on the other  
hand, farm prices were at a low level, the same survey  
demonstrated that the cost of living was high compared  
to the average wage and salary level.

Farmers AND workers will aid their common cause  
for a better livelihood by electing a Bracken Government.

## Vote for Angus McKinnon

**YOUR BRACKEN CANDIDATE**

Inserted by the Bow River Progressive Conservative Constituency Association.

## Farmers!

Don't risk losing your years earning in just a few  
minutes—

## Insure Against H-A-I-L

with the Alberta Hail Insurance Board.

See or Phone

**J. R. AIRTH**

Phone R507

Crossfield, Alberta

## A. L. SMITH

Progressive Conservative  
Candidate

for Calgary West

Will Address A Meeting In  
THE COMMUNITY HALL AT

**Cremona**

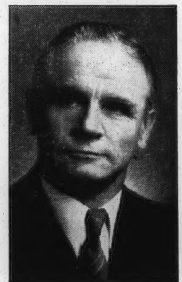
**Tuesday, June 5**

**at 9.00 p. m.**

Inserted by the Calgary West Progressive  
Conservative Association.

## John Bracken says —

"It is not foreordained that farmers shall work  
for less pay than anybody else; or have their children  
receive only one-quarter the chance of a secondary edu-  
cation, or one-tenth the chance of a university education  
that other children get; or see their wives forced into  
lives of toil, often 12 but sometimes 14 hours a day—  
Sundays and holidays included... The trouble is that  
no one with the necessary authority has determined to  
correct the basic economic ills of Agriculture."



## BRACKEN WILL ABOLISH INJUSTICE TO FARMERS

John Bracken, the farmer, is not content,  
merely to point out the injustices of which  
he, and every other farmer, is only too well  
aware. He is determined to abolish these  
economic ills, these injustices, immediately  
and permanently. John Bracken guarantees  
definite PROTECTION FOR FARMERS  
against income collapse and wide extremes of  
income fluctuation:

- The Farmer shall be guaranteed a just  
and proportionate share of the nation's  
income.
- This will be done by a system of fair prices to  
be announced before the season of pro-  
duction. The farmer will then carry on with  
the assurance that he will receive a just  
share of the national income. He will thus

have money to buy farm implements and  
provide for comforts. His own living  
standard will be permanently raised and  
he will be able to contribute to community  
welfare.

- We shall re-establish a Natural Products  
Marketing Act.
- We shall appoint a Board of Livestock Com-  
missioners in which shall be vested power  
to regulate and direct all aspects of live-  
stock marketing in somewhat the same  
manner as the Board of Grain Commis-  
sioners regulates the handling of wheat.

These are only the highlights of the Bracken  
Party's pledge to Canadian farmers. Join  
John Bracken in his fight for farmers' rights.

## WIN WITH BRACKEN

Vote for Your  
**PROGRESSIVE CONSERVATIVE**  
Candidate